THE NEW NORTH.

VOLUME 18, NO. 43. RHINELANDER WISCONSIN, THURSDAY, DEC. 13, 1900. TERMS—$1.50 IN ADVANCE

We

Must Unload

We must sell Goods. We have purchased the Fenelon stock and must move it. We cannot store it without selling a great quantity of goods on hand. Now its your chance to get goods cheap.

Jackets one-third less, Suits one-half less, Rubbers 25 cts. Everything cheap now. Call and see us.

SPAFFORD & COLE.

IMPORTANT.

Having decided to discontinue our

Toy

Department

We offer the remaining stock at greatly reduced prices. Remember this when you are looking for Ceristmas gifts.

Get your Dress Goods and Jackets from us. We can save you money on these Goods.

CASH DEPARTMENT STORE.

Northern Woods

NEW

MAPLE SYRUP

...and...

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR

At RICHARDS & KINGSBURY'S.

No. 225 Brown St. RHINELANDER, WIS.

FRED R. WEDGE WRITES US FROM HOT SPRINGS

AN INTERESTING DESCRIPTION OF THAT FAMOUS RESORT.

Former Well Known Rhinelander Boy is Taking Treatment at That Celebrated Health Restoring Watering Place for Rheumatism—A Testimonial as to the Merits of the Baths.

Hot Springs, Ark., Dec 6, 1900.

MR. EDITOR:—

For the benefit of any people in my home town who may some time have thought about seeking a place to renew their health, I write this article.

I am a graduate of the Rhinelander High school and have attended the State university for two years, being forced to leave at the beginning of this my third year on account of a severe attack of rheumatism.

It is but natural that anyone having duly tested the miraculous power of these waters, should wish to testify as to the merits of the place. This I have endeavored to do by just giving a brief outline of the reservation of the springs by the government; then an account of the bath system and lastly but not least of the grandeur of the scenery.

FRED R. WEDGE.

The Hot Springs of Arkansas, are the private and exclusive property of the general government. Above them floats "Old Glory," emblem of Uncle Sam's ownership. He is sole proprietor of the springs and around them a reservation of a thousand acres, so that individuals can neither obtain a monopoly of the waters nor the avenues or approaches to them, to the exclusion or extortion of their fellow men.

You naturally ask the question, why has the general government exercised this act of paternalism to such a rigid degree in this case?

For the reason that here in the valley of the Ozarks and a distance up the mountain side, flow from the earth seventy-two springs with a temperature varying from 95 to 157° Fahrenheit. They were discovered early in the century and the attention of the general government was called to them, especially from the fact that during the first quarter of a century many people found their way through the well nigh impenetrable forests and mountains to bathe in the hot waters. So it took possession of them in 1832, and an ample reservation around them, setting apart the mountains from which they flow as "a national park and sanitarium for all time."

The waters of Hot Springs are superior to all others, either natural or prepared, as an aid in medical treatment. The most prominent of the many troubles treated and remedied are alcoholism, catarrh, rheumatism in all forms and all skin diseases. Chronic rheumatism is cured here in from three to eight weeks on an average, though a cure has been known in ten days, and some stubborn cases in three months.

All this is brought about by a magnificent system of baths. There are, all told, twenty-two bath houses at Hot Springs, containing a total of 559 tubs, capable of administering 8,000 baths per day. Eleven of these bath houses are situated upon the government reservation, and the remainder on private property. Those on the reservation are located along the east side of Central avenue and at the base of Hot Springs mountain. They occupy three ordinary blocks in length, which is known as "Bath House Row." The others are scattered throughout the city.

The luxury of the vapor, Turkish, shower and electric baths are unsurpassed anywhere. The water is supplied to the tubs by gravity from the reservoirs on the mountain above.

Every visitor in Hot Springs takes the baths. If an invalid, he first undergoes a thorough examination by his physician, who issues instructions as to the use of the baths. An important adjunct to the baths is the drinking of hot water. It is a well known fact that these waters are the only hot waters in America which can be drank freely without causing nausea. This is due to the presence of carbonic acid gas in large quantities, which render the water both palatable and exhilarating.

The miraculous waters do not alone compose the fame of the city of Hot Springs. It may be regarded as a coincidence that these springs flow from the mountains in a locality so famed at all seasons of the year, but those from all parts of the world who have been cured look upon it as a part of the great miracle wrought by a Supreme hand.

Just at the border line north and south, where the extremes of heat and cold do not touch, on another line east and west where the rainfall is not so great as to make it too damp or humid at any season, and where it is just enough to keep the atmosphere fresh and exhilarating the Hot Springs are situated. A more suitable spot could not have been selected or made to order.

Here the sick can come from the North and escape the winter blasts, or they can come in the summer and find it as cool as the land they left. It is a matchless climate and receives encomiums at all seasons, it has no peer. Nothing could surpass the conditions for the hot water treatment.

The skies are as clear and beautiful as those of Italy, while the thermometer never reaches an extreme at any season, which would thereby render it uncomfortable. The winter is mild with an abundance of sunshine. There is hardly a day when all kinds of outdoor recreation may not be enjoyed with comfort. The beautiful mountain dunes and horseback trails; the broad avenues and the quiet country roads are now at their best, and dining parties, equestrians, bicyclers and pedestrians find all the conditions perfect for their favorite exercises.

The fact that the springs are located in the Ozark mountains exerts a wonderful influence on the climate and the general healthfulness. People at a distance who do not know the topography of Arkansas usually obtain an erroneous impression of Hot Springs. They never think of them being in the heart of a mountain chain. The Ozarks is not a genuine term applied to an elevated plateau in Arkansas. It means genuine mountain peaks, lofty and picturesque, rising one beyond the other in succession across half the state of Arkansas, affording most magnificient scenes and scenery and opportunities for enjoyment. There are roads and dunes, and paths in all directions winding among the mountains.

Hot Springs itself is nearly 1,000 feet above sea level, just about a proper elevation for general healthfulness, while the mountain peaks rise still higher. The opportunities thus afforded for a change of air, exhilarating mountain climbing and other healthful exercise and amusement, cannot be over-estimated. As if to leave nothing undone to make this the resort of resorts. Nature has covered the mountains with fine forests, not a stunted growth but tall, stately trunks, covered with the evergreen boughs, exuding that subtle and much prized resinous odor which takes multitudes every year to our great lake region, and which is so potent in bringing back health to the invalid.

Delightful is the exclamation heard from visitors. The mild winters with weeks of bright sunshine at a stretch, excite constant admiration. It has come to be recognized that there is no other locality so beneficial in restoring health to the overworked in business, or those whose systems have become exhausted from the long strain, which the demands of an American life impose. The number who come here to the Hot Springs for pleasure, rest, and for building up a tired system, is now legion, and it is no exaggeration to say that, a few weeks spent here every year, with a thorough course of baths will impart new vigor to every function, prolong life, and add materially to the aggregate of human happiness.

"At Christmas play and make good cheer,
For Christmas comes but once a year."

A YOUNG MAN DROPS DEAD AT HILBER HOUSE

FROM HEART TROUBLE BROUGHT ON BY TOO MUCH LIQUOR.

Apparently in a Happy Frame of Mind till The End Came—Demise Occurred Last Sunday Afternoon—Residence Here Dates Back Only Three Months—Came From Custer, Wis., to Work in the Woods.

Another man has shuffled off this mortal coil last Sunday afternoon via the heart disease route, caused by an over indulgence of liquor, commonly known as whisky. The victim was Frank Kocyezkowski, a young man about thirty years of age. His residence in this city dates back only a month, having come here from Custer, Wis., to labor in the woods. The fellow had been at Jeffris, where he was employed by the Jeffris Lumber company. He came to Rhinelander last Saturday and proceeded at once to store away in his hide a quantity of liquid refreshment. It is said that he was carousing all Saturday night and Sunday morning was carrying a good sized jag.

Shortly before the dinner hour, Mr. Kocyezkowski entered the Hilber House saloon and fell down on a table on his back. Being in a somewhat uncomfortable position, Max Ostrowski, proprietor of the house, assisted by some onlookers, removed the fellow to a chair. Soon after, Mr. Ostrowski went to dinner. The unfortunate fellow was in a drunken stupor, but apparently was in a happy frame of mind and unconscious of the approaching danger. For some minutes after the proprietor of the place had left, the fellow continued to sing and talk to himself. When Mr. Ostrowski returned to the bar room the fellow was lying on the floor. He was picked up and again placed in a chair. Ostrowski and another gentleman began playing a game of checkers. They had not proceeded far with the game when one of the bystanders observed the ghastly look upon the face of the young man, remarking to his companions that the fellow was dead. An examination proved the truthfulness of the assertion.

Dr. Packard was summoned. Upon his appearance, he felt of the fellow's pulse, remarking as he did so that it was not a doctor that was wanted, but an undertaker. The body was removed to the undertaking rooms of F. A. Hildebrand to await the holding of an inquest. Relatives at Custer were telegraphed to and informed of the sad occurrence. The deceased has a brother-in-law who came here to work in the woods. The body was interred here.

Ideal Picture of Rural Life.

Joseph Arthur's popular comedy "Blue Jeans" was the attraction at Grand opera house last Friday evening. It was an ideal picture of rural life and was replete with humorous situations. The characters were portrayed in a manner that was true to life and the incidents were most natural indeed and pleased those who witnessed the presentation of this somewhat old but popular production. It is a story of simple, homely country folk, their sayings and doings. The specialties interspersed throughout the play were new and catchy. The scenic effects were a specialty of the play and the sawmill scene was especially good and caused cold chills to play leap frog up and down the spinal column of many of the members of the audience. The attendance was not what the entertainment merited, as is usually the case when we are fortunate enough to have a good attraction.

Ladies Bazaar Netted $70.

The receipts from the bazaar and luncheon, conducted on Saturday afternoon and evening by the Priscillas at the Congregational church parlors, are in the neighborhood of $70. The promoters are to be congratulated upon the financial success of the enterprise and equally so on the attractive manner in which it was carried out. Useful and fancy household articles were disposed of, and found a ready sale, while the candy counter was perhaps the most generously patronized of the several departments. The candies were delicious. About sixty pounds of this toothsome article was disposed of.

Election of Officers.

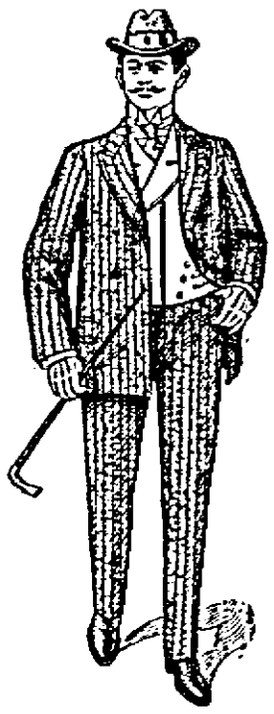
At a recent meeting of the Liederkranz the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President—A. Schauder.
Vice Pres.—Julius Rutz.
Sec'y—Albert Hoeckendrof.
Treas.—Robert Ollhoff.
Fin. Sec'y—Gus. Smith.
Trustees—Joseph Malz, Carl Krueger and A. F. Schliesmann.

Members of the society are requested to watch the announcement for installation night.

Lively at Veneer Factory.

The new veneer factory is humming away and turning out a large amount of the product of this new industry. The company is behind in its orders and it will take some time to catch up. This is every indication that their business will be successful.



GOOD TASTE

In dress secures a cordial recognition for those who show it. No man can tell how much injury a shabby appearance may do him. Always look well dressed. That's business. We're prepared to do business with men of taste, and for their benefit are offering a line of fine Winter Suits and Overcoats at astonishingly low figures. The value in our clothing is too visible to escape notice. We fit to a nicety. We have an exceptionally nice assortment of Fine Suits for swell dressers. Just the Suits the "like-to-be-well-dressed" young men want.

The Hub Store,

EVENSON & SEIBEL, Prop's. Rhinelander.

NEW NORTH.

RHINELANDER PRINTING COMPANY.

RHINELANDER, - WISCONSIN.

Eight different nationalities were represented in the graduating class of the American College for Girls in Constantinople this summer. They were Greek, American, Hungarian, German, Austrian, Armenian, Bulgarian and Italian. A French play given by the graduating class was one of the features of class-day.

Many Japanese clerks are being employed in London stores. They are cleanly and courteous and give satisfaction. Many are also employed by manufacturers, but these are not so satisfactory to their employers, who say they waste material and give more time to studying English than they do to learning their trades.

Ah Sin's propensity for walking in ways that are dark has been demonstrated in New York's Chinatown, where nine Mongolian merchants and restaurant-keepers have been arrested for stealing several thousand dollars worth of electric light from the Edison company. The theft was accomplished through the use of an ingenious device arranged by an expert electrician, who farmed it out to the Chinese at $10 per month.

The town of Eatonville, Fla., has 1,200 inhabitants, with not a single white among them. It has a full quota of public officials, a bank and other business establishments requisite to a town of its size. James E. Clark, the Negro postmaster, is in trouble for alleged violation of the local option law and it develops that in addition to his federal office he holds a local office and conducts a mercantile business.

Peach trees in the vicinity of St. Joseph, Mich., are threatened by a more dangerous enemy than the yellows. Local white insects with red heads invade the orchards and cover the trees with tiny holes, and the trees die for lack of nourishment. An expert local fruit grower was surprised when notified of the supposed existence of this disease. He says: "It is common in Van Buren county, but I had not heard of its spreading to Berrien."

The prescription for the cure of consumption, freely published to the medical world by Prof. Hoff, is more and more stimulating physicians to hope that a cure for phthisis has been found at last. Prof. Hoff's prescription, as given here by cable, is in the metric system: Acid arsen, 1; acid cynnamic, 3; kal. carb. dep., 2; aqua distil., 5. Make a perfect solution; add cognac 2.5; mix. Take after meals according to instructions of physician.

Official trial of the Gathmann gun for firing high-power explosives was made at Sandy Hook recently by the board of ordnance and fortifications of the army, preliminary to other trials of a more extensive nature. Eight rounds were fired from the gun with 300 pounds of smokeless powder recently invented by Gathmann. The highest velocity reached with an average pressure per square inch of 19,000 pounds was 1,405 feet at the muzzle of the gun.

Finnish immigration, which reached a high-water mark last year, is likely to show a great falling off this year. Although it is not known it may be the czar's policy toward the Finns is taking a less strenous course. Of all the foreigners coming to this country none make better citizens than the Finns. Of the 6,723 who came over last year only 17 were refused admittance, only 62 were unable to read and write and only 14 were said to be in danger of becoming public charges.

A Maltese cat jumped into the large flywheel of the Plymouth Refrigerator Co.'s engine and as the engineer could not very well stop and shut off the lights to release the animal from its perilous position he waited until the usual time of shutting down. On stopping the engine he found the cat alive and clinging to the flywheel. The wheel is 12 feet in diameter and 36 in circumference and makes 87 revolutions, consequently during the two and one-half hours the engine was in motion the cat covered a distance of about 120 miles.

Many exchanges printed a paragraph announcing the daily population of the Equitable building in New York as 3,100, and that mail averages about 18,000 pieces a day. This record is outstripped by buildings in the Monadnock block, Chicago, which at present has a daily population of close to if not quite 5,000. So vast is the postal business that it was found necessary to establish on the main floor a branch post office with four mail carriers. The Monadnock block is 400 feet long, 70 feet wide, 16 stories high at one end and 17 at the other, and has in all 1,200 offices.

The wife of Li Hung Chang has the credit of being not only the richest lady in China, but also of being the most luxurious woman on earth. Twice daily Mrs. Li bathes in oil of oranges and acacia flowers, and she has a staff of 1,000 servants. Her wardrobe is most extensive and contains no less than 2,000 coats and 1,200 trouserettes. Mrs. Li is only able to walk a few feet at a time, being crippled like the majority of Chinese ladies; but, if report be trustworthy, she is not by any means an idle woman.

ITS WORK LAID OUT.

A Forecast of Business of the Week in Congress.

NO SESSION TO BE HELD WEDNESDAY.

Hay-Pauncefote Treaty and Ship Subsidy Bill Will Occupy Attention of the Senate—The House Programme.

Washington, Dec. 10.—The senate will continue to give its attention to the Hay-Pauncefote treaty and the ship subsidy bill during the present week, taking up first one and then the other as may suit the convenience of those who may wish to speak on the two measures. During the last session of congress the Nicaraguan canal bill was made the special order of business for Monday next, but the establishment of the ship bill as the regular order will have the effect of displacing the canal bill, preference being given under the senate rules to a regular order over a special order. It is understood that Senator Morgan, who has charge of the canal bill, will not press the measure until the treaty for the abrogation of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty is disposed of. On this account the friends of the ship bill did not apprehend that he will make any opposition to the continuance of the consideration of that measure. He has indeed said that he would be content to allow his bill to follow closely in the wake of the ship bill.

Three or four set speeches are promised in opposition to the subsidy bill, and it is expected that most if not all of those already in sight will be made during this week. Among those who probably will speak on the subject are Senators Clay, Vest and Berry, all of whom oppose the bill. Senator Vest is an especial advocate of free ships.

There are differences of opinion as to what effect the taking of a vote on the fortification amendment to the treaty will have upon the time of disposing of that instrument, but a majority of the senators express the opinion that the vote upon the treaty itself will follow very soon after the vote upon the amendment. The indications are that the amendment will be adopted and that as thus amended the treaty will be ratified. Opponents of the treaty will offer other amendments, but they do not count upon having them favorably acted upon.

The senate will not sit Wednesday on account of the centennial celebration of the establishment of the seat of government at Washington, and there is a possibility of adjourning from Thursday until Monday of next week.

The Week in the House.

Washington, Dec. 10.—The programme in the house for the week contemplates the consideration and passage of the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill and the bill for the reduction of the war revenue taxes. Wednesday will be a dies non so far as legislation is concerned, as on that day the exercises in connection with the centennial celebration of the removal of the seat of government to Washington will be held in the house. The legislative appropriation bill is not expected to consume more than two days at most, probably only one, and the leaders expect that the remainder of the week will suffice to pass the war revenue reduction act.

Want Further Reduction.

It is probable that special interests which do not receive the consideration in the bill which they think they are entitled to will attempt to amend it. This is especially true of the brewing interests, which hope to secure a further reduction of the tax on beer from $1.60 a barrel, as fixed by the committee, to $1.25 a barrel. A plan has been organized by which these interests believe they can accomplish their purpose. In order to secure this reduction, which will amount to about $7,000,000, that amount of revenue must be retained and those members who are working for a further reduction on beer will advocate the retention of the tax on bank checks and discounts, which amounts to about the same sum. It is understood that many of the larger banks are not opposed to the retention of this tax on the ground that it reduces the number of small checks presented for payment and thus reduces the cost of the clerical force in the banks. Most of the republican members of the ways and means committee, however, do not believe a successful fight can be waged against any feature of the committee's bill.

More Battleships.

Washington, Dec. 10.—It is expected that the forthcoming naval appropriation bill now being framed by the house committee on naval affairs will contain provisions for two more battleships and two armored cruisers, following the recommendations of Secretary Long. The item of new ships has not yet been reached or settled, but as a result of the discussion among members the belief was expressed by them Saturday that there practically was no doubt the two battleships and two armored cruisers would be incorporated in the bill.

Minority Report on Taxes.

Washington, Dec. 10.—The minority members of the ways and means committee are holding informal meetings in order to prepare the minority report on the bill reducing the war taxes. The report will be submitted by Representative Richardson, of Tennessee, to-day. It is understood that the report will not oppose the reductions proposed, but will present additional features to which the bill should apply.

THE CHINESE SITUATION.

Joint Note Has Been Agreed to by All the Powers Except Great Britain.

Peking, Dec. 10.—All the foreign envoys except Sir Ernest Mason Satow, the British minister have received his structions from their governments agreeing to the joint note proposed at the last meeting. Another meeting will probably be called for Tuesday. Should the British minister have received his instructions to sign the joint note by that time communication will be immediately opened with Prince Ching and Li Hung Chang, who are in daily touch with the court by the Chinese telegraph.

Prince Ching says Emperor Kwang Su is ready to return as soon as assured that the negotiations will allow him to come under conditions consonant with his dignity and safety.

The removal of Gen. Tung Fu Hsiang from the command of the Chinese forces surrounding the court is considered by the foreign envoys to be a very important step, as showing the real desire of the government to come to terms. His banishment indicates that the court recognizes the expediency of obeying the demands of the powers.

Washington, Dec. 10.—The next important step in the Chinese situation will be the formal presentation to the Chinese plenipotentiaries of the agreement arrived at between the representatives of the powers at Peking for reparation for the Boxer outrages. In just what manner this will be done Mr. Conger has not informed the state department, although the probability is that the document will be handed to the Chinese by the dean of the diplomatic corps. As has been stated already, the agreement is simply a statement of the terms upon which the powers will negotiate with China for final settlement, and is laid before the Chinese officials as a matter of form. The negotiations for final settlement will come later, after the Chinese have been given a reasonable opportunity for the consideration of the conditions laid down by the powers. The complete agreement deciphered from the code is now in the hands of the president. Officials decline to make its text public in advance of the receipt of information that it has been formally accepted by the powers, although the advices which have heretofore come from Mr. Conger leave no doubt that this will be the case. The essential features of the agreement already have been outlined in the press dispatches.

THE POSTAL SERVICE.

Interesting Extracts from the Annual Report of Postmaster General Smith.

Washington, Dec. 10.—Postmaster General Charles Emory Smith, in his annual report, besides discussing domestic and insular operations in the last fiscal year, devotes particular attention to the abuses of the second-class mail matter privileges and extension of rural free delivery. He makes the following recommendations for legislation: Compulsory separation by publishers of second class mail matter; amendment of the interstate commerce law to prohibit telegraph and express companies or their employes from aiding or abetting in the green goods or lottery swindles, or any other wrongful scheme carried on jointly by mail and common carriers; punishment of persons who forcibly attempt to enter mail cars, or who assault a railway mail clerk while on duty; authority for post office inspectors to take out search warrants whenever necessary; an appropriation for constructing inspectors' lookouts in post offices wherever the postmaster general deems them necessary; payment of incidental expenses incurred by local officers or others in the arrest, detention and keeping of prisoners charged with violation of postal laws until the United States marshal takes custody of the prisoners.

During the past fiscal year the total receipts from all sources aggregated $102,354,579; total expenditures, $107,740,268. The excess of expenditures over receipts was $5,385,688. The revenues have now passed the hundred million mark. The deficits have shrunk from $9,020,635 for the fiscal year 1897-98 to $5,385,688 for the last fiscal year, a decrease of $3,635,217 in three years, notwithstanding the large expenditures now made for several new features. The estimates follow: Total postal revenue for 1900, $102,354,579; add 7½ per cent. for estimated increase year ending June 30, 1901, $7,676,593; total estimated revenue for 1901, $110,031,172. Add six per cent. for estimated increase year ending June 30, 1902, $6,601,870; estimated revenue for 1902, $116,632,042. Estimated expenditure for 1902, $121,276,349; deficiency for 1902 estimated, $4,624,307.

The extraordinary extension of rural free delivery is characterized as the most far-reaching feature of postal development in recent times. It is a factor, says the postmaster general, in the social and economic life, and makes communities feel a new pulsation. "We are confronted," he says, "with the problem of gradually extending the delivery service over the whole area of the country where it is physically feasible, or where the population is not so sparse as to make it unreasonable. The gross annual cost of maintaining rural free delivery through such territory is approximately estimated at $20,555,600. It can be extended over practically the whole country at an annual cost of less than $14,000,000, allowing for savings for discontinuance of offices and routes and increased receipts."

The total estimate for maintaining free delivery during the ensuing year is $3,500,000. The report urges additional postal facilities for New York city, and indorses the project for a hall of records in Washington.

Noted Musician Dead.

St. Louis, Dec. 10.—August Waldauer, a widely known professor of music, died here Sunday of a complication of diseases, aged 75 years. He was best known as the author of "Fanchon," in which Maggie Mitchell made a hit many years ago. Prof. Waldauer played first violin in the orchestra that accompanied Jenny Lind on her tour in this country.

College Buildings Burned.

Des Moines, Ia., Dec. 10.—Fire destroyed the main building of the State Agricultural college at Ames, Ia., Saturday morning. Loss about $90,000. No insurance.

A Fatal Fall.

New York, Dec. 10.—John McAuliffe, a well-known artist, aged 70 years, was accidentally killed Sunday by falling from a window of his residence.

ASKS AN AUDIENCE.

Kruger Sends an Important Message to Salisbury.

MAKES REQUEST FOR CONFERENCE.

Wants to Discuss Terms of Settlement of Transvaal Trouble—Belief That Reply of the Premier Will Be Favorable.

London, Dec. 10.—Lord Salisbury has received from Paul Kruger at The Hague a request for a conference for the discussion of terms of settlement of the war between Great Britain and the Transvaal. Strenuous efforts were made by the premier to prevent the fact that Mr. Kruger had asked an interview from becoming public, but it quickly became known in court circles and soon was common property throughout London.

While Lord Salisbury has not yet replied to Mr. Kruger's request, it is believed that the conference asked for will be granted. Statesmen in speaking of the matter said Saturday night that such a reply from the premier could be counted on as almost certain.

It is not considered within the bounds of probability, however, that a meeting between the former president of the now extinct republic and Lord Salisbury would be rich in results. Lord Salisbury has made his position on the subject of the treatment of the Transvaal question so well known and has so tenaciously held to his views that it is not at all likely that anything that Mr. Kruger could say would alter his views.

The selection of a place for the meeting, of course, has not yet been even considered. It is understood that Mr. Kruger gave no expression on this point. The Hague, the birthplace of international arbitration, may be selected, or some still more advantageous point on the continent may be decided upon. That Lord Salisbury and Mr. Kruger will soon meet is the one point that those in a position to discuss the matter intelligently are practically agreed. Talk of the details and the outcome, they say, is a matter of speculation.

Wilhelmina Receives Kruger.

The Hague, Dec. 10.—Queen Wilhelmina received Mr. Kruger in audience Saturday. As the Boer statesman was traveling incognito the visit was not attended by the ceremony usually paid to a chief of state. A court official proceeded to his hotel and accompanied Mr. Kruger to the royal palace in a state carriage. Dr. Leyds received Mr. Kruger at the door of the palace, but was not present at the audience.

The visit lasted a quarter of an hour. The queen, queen's mother and Mr. Kruger alone were present. The latter thanked the queen for placing the cruiser Gelderland at his disposal. According to court attendants who were present at the meeting of Mr. Kruger and Holland's sovereign, Wilhelmina gave the exile no hope of immediate help. She is quoted as having said: "Have confidence in God, who will protect you and yours. I will show my friendship when the time arrives, but not now."

Mr. Kruger did not display any marked enthusiasm over this deferring of his hopes. He bowed and thanked the queen, but made no other comment. His message to Lord Salisbury was sent a few hours later.

Apparently Not Encouraging.

London, Dec. 10.—"Mr. Kruger received a message from the czar Friday night," says the correspondent of the Times at The Hague. "It was couched in very friendly terms, but the fact that its existence has been kept a close secret is sufficient to indicate its author's intention to abstain from any active steps friendly to intervention. The czar naturally pleads his illness as a sufficient excuse for not interfering.

"Mr. Kruger, when cheered by the crowd on his return from the cathedral Sunday turned and roundly rebuked those near him for such a desecration of the Sabbath."

Disavows Responsibility.

The Hage, Dec. 10.—The government of the Netherlands has instructed the Dutch minister in London, Baron Van Goltstein van Oldenaller, to disavow in the name of the government all responsibility for the letter addressed to Mr. Kruger by the president of the first chamber of the states general, Dr. A. Van Naamen van Fomnes, approving his "noble purpose" and expressing a hope that the independence of the two Dutch republics would be secured.

Feeling One of Alarm.

London, Dec. 10.—Special dispatches from The Hague represent the feeling there as one of alarm at the prospect of an Anglo-German-Portuguese combination, which might snatch the Dutch seaboard or seize Java. It is reported at the Dutch capital that the possibility of a war with England has even been discussed by the cabinet council.

Abandons Hope.

Queen Wilhelmina will give a dinner in honor of Mr. Kruger, but he has abandoned all hope of any effective result of his visit to Europe, although he does not despair of meeting Emperor Nicholas, possibly on the Riviera.

Will Greet Lord Roberts.

London, Dec. 10.—Lord Roberts is expected to arrive in London January 3. He will be met by the prince and princess of Wales and will proceed immediately in triumphal progress to St. Paul's cathedral, where all will attend a special service of thanksgiving.

QUIT THEIR KEYS.

Santa Fe Railway Operators Obey an Order to Go Out on a Sympathy Strike.

Chicago, Dec. 10.—Between 2,500 and 3,000 telegraph operators on the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad, covering the territory from Chicago to San Francisco, left their desks Saturday afternoon and walked out on a strike. According to the men, advices from points along the 3,000 miles of track in the system indicated that the freight traffic was practically tied up and that passenger trains were running slowly, with no further destination than the next division terminal. Railroad officials, however, denied these tales and averred that not more than 600 operators had struck. The order that precipitated the walk-out was sent from headquarters in St. Louis by M. M. Dolphin, president of the order of Railway Telegraphers. He estimated that 97 per cent. of the telegraph operators on the road had obeyed his order.

When the order was given the men turned their signals at the various stations along the line so that the red lights would show. This being the signal for trains to stop, most of them were tied up for a time until dummies could be dispatched to turn the signals and permit the trains to run on schedule time.

The strike is purely sympathetic and has been called to support the demands of the 300 operators who since Thursday have been out on strike on the Gulf, Colorado and San Francisco division of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad. The dispute there has been regarding wages and rules and the strike was called following refusal of the railway officials to arbitrate. The points at issue were not in themselves considered of the highest importance, but the great cause of complaint was based upon the corporation's refusal to permit the dispute to be settled by arbitration. The total amount of the salary in dispute on the Galveston branch did not aggregate more than $195 a month nor were the rules at issue of vital importance.

The officials of the system say they do not believe the strike will interfere to any serious extent with the operations of the trains. The through trains will be sent out on schedule time and the places vacated by the operators will be filled as rapidly as possible. The most trouble will be in handling the local freight business. In the small stations where the operators act as agent the business will be tied up for a time until these stations are supplied with agents or operators.

Topeka, Kan., Dec. 10.—The officials of the Santa Fe road take a decidedly hopeful view of the telegraphers' strike situation. They all say the backbone of the strike is practically broken already, and that the affairs of the road will be in their normal condition inside of two weeks. The officers felt justified, in view of the alleged improvement in conditions, in rescinding the order closing the shops.

Strikers' representatives say that practically all the telegraphers on the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe proper are still out. A few men returned to work Sunday morning under the impression that the strike had been called off, and were later on induced to join the strikers. Later in the day they were all out to a man west of Emporia. Not a man will return to work unless their grievances are settled in the fullest possible manner. Some of them have already other prospects offered them on other roads, and will accept them if the Santa Fe management persists in its present course.

Topeka, Kan., Dec. 10. — Dispatches received here indicate dissatisfaction among the trainmen at some division points. Chairman Newman wires from Wichita that Santa Fe trainmen west of Wichita are threatening to go on strike unless the strike is settled.

Kansas City, Mo., Dec. 10.—The Times says: Within the next 48 hours the walk-out of the Santa Fe operators may widen into a general strike and the members of the Order of Railway Telegraphers be joined by those of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, the Order of Railway Conductors, the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen. Such is the danger that telegraphers say now threatens the great passenger and freight business of the Santa Fe from Chicago to the Pacific coast and the Gulf of Mexico.

Aged Railway Man Dead.

Indianapolis, Ind., Dec. 10.—William N. Jackson, secretary of the Union Railway company and the oldest man in active railroad service in the United States, both in years and point of service, died at the residence of Capt. Cephas B. Huston, Illinois street, Sunday morning. He was past 91 years of age and had been a resident of Indianapolis for nearly three-quarters of a century. His first railroad service was with the first railroad built in the state of Indiana and was the beginning of a successful career that ended only with his life.

Three Men Killed.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Dec. 10. — A freight wreck Saturday night on the Southern railway three miles south of Sanford, Tenn., resulted in the death of Conductor David L. Glover and two unknown tramps. Thirty-two cars got loose on a grade and ran into an engine that was aiding in pulling on the track two derailed cars.

Heavy Failure.

St. Louis, Dec. 10. — The Missouri Guarantee Savings and Building association made an assignment in the sum of $100,000 to William H. Verity, trustee, for the benefit of the creditors and stockholders. All property, real and personal and mixed, was included in the assignment.

VESSEL GOES DOWN.

Iron Ore Barge Charles Foster Founders on Lake Erie.

DISASTER OCCURS DURING A GALE.

Seven Men and One Woman Are Drowned—Story of Captain of Another Vessel Who Witnessed the Wreck.

Erie, Pa., Dec. 10.—In the midst of one of the most bitter gales that ever swept Lake Erie the iron ore barge Charles Foster, in tow of the Iron Duke, went to the bottom at four o'clock Sunday morning ten miles off Erie, and eight persons were drowned, as follows: Capt. John Bridge, of Cleveland; first mate, name unknown; second mate, name unknown; Seamen Robert Wood and William Kelly, of Port Austin, Mich.; Cook Mrs. May, of Detroit; two unknown deck hands. The Charles Foster was one of the fleet of James Corrigan, of Cleveland, and for two months has been running from Duluth to Erie with iron ore. Her cargo consisted of 1,500 tons of ore. Capt. Ashley, of the Iron Duke, made Erie in safety. In an interview he said:

"The Foster was in tow, about 400 feet astern. I was up all night, and there were three men on watch with me. The seas were rolling tremendously from the northwest, and the gale carried with it a blinding snowstorm. We made the harbor light all right. When we turned for the harbor a sea much heavier than any other experienced struck us. I ran to the stern. Just as I got there the Foster plunged in an awful sea and dove down nose first. There was not a cry from a soul of the crew of eight she carried. Just as she pitched down I saw a man on her forecastle with a lantern. The tow line parted when she went down. The storm was so heavy that I could not put about to hunt for anyone. There would not have been a particle of use anyhow, because in those tremendous seas no one could have lived a minute, even if the water had not been icy cold. Had there been a cry for help, I would have turned and risked my ship, but it was no use. I had all I could do to make port in safety myself. Apparently everything was all right aboard her until she took that fatal dip. There had not been a single signal of distress from her up to that time."

There are 80 to 100 feet of water where the wreck occurred, and there is little hope of ever being able to locate the place. The Foster was valued at $19,000, but there was no insurance, as it elapsed December 1. The cargo was not insured.

SOUSA GOING ABROAD.

Famous Leader and His Band Will Make a Tour of England, Scotland and Ireland.

New York, Dec. 10.—The international exposition of 1901 at Glasgow, Scotland, has engaged John Philip Sousa and his band to play at the exposition for four weeks next October. After his Glasgow season Sousa will take his band to London for a series of concerts, after which he will make a tour of the principal cities of Great Britain and Ireland, returning to America about Christmas time. Sousa starts on a 17-weeks' tour of the United States on January 3, playing in 160 different cities in all parts of this country.

Death of Mrs. McLean.

Washington, Dec. 10.—Mrs. Mary L. McLean, the mother of John R. McLean, of the Cincinnati Enquirer, died here at her residence at 1:30 o'clock Sunday morning of acute heart affection. She had been ill since Friday last and from the first attack her life was despaired of. At the bedside of Mrs. McLean when the end came were her daughters, Mrs. Dewey and Mrs. Ludlow, the wife of Rear Admiral Ludlow; her son, Mr. John R. McLean, and Admiral Dewey. Mrs. McLean was the widow of the late Washington McLean, proprietor of the Cincinnati Enquirer. She was in her seventy-second year.

Gives Credit to Americans.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 10.—The Novoe Vremya, in an article evidently inspired, referring to the recent dispatch from Dr. Morrison in Peking to the London Times saying that all the credit for securing softened terms is given by the Chinese to the Russians, remarks: "The credit for the existing entente really belongs to America. England begrudges President McKinley his just prestige because he has emphasized America's friendship for Russia." The Russian journal regards the alterations which America has procured in the peace preliminaries as of the greatest importance.

A German Opinion.

Berlin, Dec. 10.—The National Zeitung devotes its first page to a carefully prepared editorial dealing with the United States as a world power. After pointing out the enormous progress, economically and politically, of America in the world's affairs, the editorial declares that in both respects the United States are arrayed against Europe.

Much Lumber Burned.

Tower, Minn., Dec. 10.—The town had a narrow escape from destruction by a fire that destroyed 10,000,000 feet of lumber belonging to the Tower Lumber company, causing a loss of $120,000. The wind at first blew directly toward the town, carrying a stream of firebrands, but it shifted later, removing the danger.

Due to Overheated Stove.

Virginia, Ill., Dec. 10.—Fire destroyed all but two buildings on the east side of the square, causing a loss of $20,000, which is partly insured. An overheated stove caused the fire.

Heavy Coal Shipments.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 10.—Shipments of coal to southern points Sunday amounted to 1,075,000 bushels.

MAMMOTH HOSTELRY.

To Be 23 Stories High and to Cost $2,500,000.

When Completed It Will be Able to Accommodate 250 Families—A Brooklyn Project of National Interest.

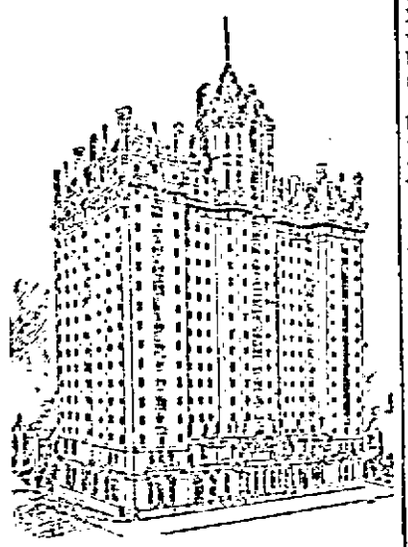
Brooklyn is to have a new skyline. Ground will soon be broken for a twenty-three-story family hotel on the Heights. It will dwarf all other buildings in the borough and, owing to the height of the great bluff upon which it will stand, will seem from the water loftier than the highest skyscrapers on the lower end of Manhattan.

The new hotel will be called the Brooklyn. It will be put up on the site of the old Bowen homestead, at Clark and Willow streets, with 100 feet frontage on Willow, and running along Clark 200 feet to Columbia Heights.

The hotel will have a commanding view of the harbor. When it is filled it will shelter 250 families and an army of servants to care for them. For 15 floors it will be entirely given up to suites of five rooms each, but the rooms of every suite will be so arranged that two, three, four or more suites can be turned into one.

By its plans the new hotel will be constructed with a magnificence that will make it unique in the hotels of the world. It will be the highest and largest as well.

Entering the main entrance on Clark street, between marble pillars, the guest will be at once struck with the beauty of the prospect. A great foyer will deepen out into a T-shaped corridor and the marble staircase, fashioned after that of the Grand opera house in Paris. In the rear and back of the marble staircases will be three large palm garden dining-rooms and hidden among the palms will be stations for the musicians. The regular tenants of the hotel will have private entrances for their own convenience. Scattered about on the first floor will be reading-rooms, dressing-rooms, telegraph offices and a telephone central. From this central a telephone will have connection with each room, so the residents of the hotel can talk with distant friends from their own rooms. The big dining-rooms will be on the first floor and the private dining-rooms on the second. On the second floor also will be the parlor, large enough to hold an assembly of 1,600 persons should the occasion require. Billiard rooms for women and dressing-rooms for their own convenience will be on this floor, and in the basement there will be a cafe and grill room and a large billiard hall for the men. Above the second floor will be the living rooms.



BROOKLYN'S BIG HOTEL.
(It Will Be 23 Stories High and Cost Nearly $2,500,000.)

In shape the hotel will be oblong, with a big court at the rear. By this arrangement no room in the hotel will be dark, but every room of every suite will have a perspective that will be unexcelled. The system of ventilation will be the most perfect yet evolved and so arranged that in the summer months cold air can be forced into the rooms throughout the building. The plant will be complete in every respect, so that, aside from the cuisine, the establishment will be in every way self-maintaining and independent of the accidents of ordinary life. On the roof will be an immense sun dome, the largest, perhaps, yet constructed, which will be surrounded by roof gardens that will rival any in Manhattan. In short, so minute have been the details in the laying out of the plans that it would seem as though human ingenuity could go no further in elegance and comfort.

James H. Breslin, the well known and veteran hotel man, now interested in the Auditorium hotel and annex in Chicago and other hotel enterprises in large cities, has signified to the syndicate his willingness to give his personal attention to the new Brooklyn hotel, and, as stated, has manifested his enthusiasm over the project by becoming largely interested in the company financially.

A Plaint from Sing Sing.

A movement is being agitated among many of the residents to change its name from Sing Sing to Ossining. Many citizens of the village say that the majority of the people in the country do not know that it is a flourishing business place, but think that it is simply a prison with a few houses about it where the keepers live. Manufacturers say that the name "Sing Sing" stamped on their goods makes it hard to sell them. Many people who live in Sing Sing are ashamed to register at hotels as coming from there when they are traveling.

HENRY C. TOWNSEND.

Recently Elected President of the American Association of Passenger Agents.

The American Association of General Passenger and Ticket Agents has been in existence for 46 years. The history of its growth is almost coincident with the marvelous expansion of the railroad systems of the United States and Canada. Its membership is the most distinctly representative of any similar railroad organizaion in the country. Every leading passenger traffic manager and general passenger agent in the country is a member of it. At its annual meetings the policy which has governed the passenger traffic of all railroads in the country has

HENRY C. TOWNSEND.
(President American Association of General Passenger Agents.)

been formulated, and, as a rule, strictly followed for the past 40 years.

Its executive officers have always been the leading lights in that branch of the railroad profession whose efforts have been directed towards perfecting passenger transportation. The last president of the association, before the annual meeting, recently held in Buffalo, N. Y., was an eastern man, Georeg H. Daniels, the well-known general passenger and ticket agent of the New York Central & Hudson River railroad. His successor, who was selected at that meeting, is Henry C. Townsend, general passenger and ticket agent of the Missouri Pacific-Iron Mountain system, a western man, whose distinguished career has made his name familiar in railroad and commercial circles throughout the country.

For the past 30 years Mr. Townsend has been the general passenger and ticket agent of the western lines. He first served in that capacity with the Toledo, Peoria & Warsaw railway for nearly seven years. Next with the Wabash for two and a half years; then with the Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific for three years and a half and finally with the Missouri Pacific-Iron Mountain system. He has been in the service of the latter companies since May 1, 1888, and his headquarters during that time have been in St. Louis.

PETER A. B. WIDENER.

Philadelphia Capitalist Who Would Like to Be United States Senator from Pennsylvania.

Peter A. B. Widener, who, it is said, will be a candidate for the United States senate against Mr. Quay before the Pennsylvania legislature, is one of the richest men in Philadelphia. His candidacy has the indorsement of Mayor Ashbridge and is otherwise well supported. Mr. Widener has recently won the reputation of being a philanthropist. Some time ago he presented his superb city residence, with all its treasures of art, to the public library as a memorial to his dead wife. This gift amounts in value to about $1,000,000. Mr. Widener began life comparatively poor, but he was never precisely

PETER A. B. WIDENER.
(Philadelphia Capitalist Who Is After Quay's Scalp.)

what is called a "poor boy." He had genius for making safe and profitable investments. His interests are not along any special line, but cover rather a wide range of financial property, chiefly in street railways. But Mr. Widener has never considered any industry unworthy of exploitation and his enormous wealth is therefore made up of a large variety of things valuable. He is now 69 years old and has but lately turned his active mind from the cares of business to the pleasures of philanthropy and politics. He resides on his magnificent country estates near Philadelphia.

Elephants as Nursemaids.

Siamese women trust their children to the care of elephants. Their babies play about the huge feet of the animals, who are ever careful not to hurt the little creatures. And if danger threatens the sagacious old nurse will curl the child gently in his trunk and swing it out of harm's way upon his own broad back.

Apples Packed in Tea.

Apples and several other Australian fruits are exported packed in the shredded bark of the tea tree.

NOTED SONG MAKER.

Septimus Winner, Author of "Listen to the Mocking Bird."

Little Known in the World, Although His Music Has Been Sung by Thousands—Hale and Hearty at 71.

At Philadelphia an old man, who celebrated his seventy-fourth birthday last May, is busy just now correcting the manuscript of a new song. At the same time that friends gathered about him last spring to congratulate him on his birthday they also congratulated him because it was the forty-fourth anniversary of the publication of the song, "Listen to the Mocking Bird."

This song, says the St. Louis Republic, has gone all over the world. The greatest of singers have sung it, street urchins have whistled it, and the greatest of musicians, as well as the humblest, have played it. The name of the author on the title page of the music is Alice Hawthorne. This is an assumed name. The real name of the composer is Septimus Winner.

Mr. Winner has always made his home in Philadelphia. This is Mr. Winner's account of the circumstances under which he wrote the famous "Listen to the Mocking Bird," as he related it recently to a few friends:

"At the time I wrote the song there was a lively, merry-hearted little colored boy running around the streets of Philadelphia. The boy was always whistling or singing to the accompaniment of a guitar, and I was fond of listening to him. One day I asked him if he would sing a song if I would write it for him. He said that he would, and I wrote 'Listen to the Mocking Bird,' set it to music myself and taught it to the boy. It at once became popular and every one was whistling the air or singing the words, and when I published it there was a great demand for it."

The song was sung all over America and in many parts of Europe. Many of the most noted public singers of the day sang it on the stage, and one such singer in particular, Miss Emma Nevada, has sung it in all parts of the world. She is so fond of the song that she sought out the author when she was in Philadelphia, and on the occa-

SEPTIMUS WINNER.
(Author and Composer of "Listen to the Mocking Bird.")

sion of her last visit to that city she invited Mr. Winner to hold a reception with her after a concert she had given.

Those who remember having seen the name of Alice Hawthorne given as the author of the song on its title page will perhaps wonder why this name was given as the author if it was written by Mr. Winner. The explanation is that Mr. Winner wrote a great many of his songs over the pen name of Alice Hawthorne, and sent "Listen to the Mocking Bird" into the world over that name. Another pen name of his is "Mark Mason." Indeed, most of his songs have been written over names other than his own, which is proof of the fact that modesty is one of Mr. Winner's most marked characteristics.

Soldier boys of the civil war will remember another song of Septimus Winner's that was the sensation of the day when it was first put into circulation, and that was sung around many a camp fire. This once famous old war song was "Give Us Back Our Old Commander." It was inspired by the removal of Gen. McClellan from the command of the army of the Potomac. The failures of his successors created much criticism and discontent, and this fact suggested the song to Mr. Winner. It voiced the sentiment of the thousands of soldier boys who loved McClellan, and the song made such an impression that it attracted the attention of the war department. Some idea of the impression the song had made may be had from the fact that the department of war felt called upon to suppress it, and an order went forth forbidding the sale of the song. Mr. Winner was notified by the war department that he would be imprisoned in Fort Lafayette if he continued to sell the song, and a public singer, Julia Mortimer, who was singing it with tremendous effect on the stage, was informed that she would be imprisoned if she continued singing it. More than 50,000 copies of the song were sold in Washington alone, and its author became one of the most talked-of men of the day. One may be sure that the soldiers did not take kindly to the order forbidding them to sing the song, and the feeling against Gen. Burnside, who had succeeded Gen. McClellan, was stronger than it had been before.

Mr. Winner is also the author of that old-time favorite, "What Is Home Without a Mother?" He wrote also "Whispering Hope," and many other favorites. Indeed, he is the author of several hundred songs and of a great many books on musical topics, while his musical arrangements for the piano and violin reach into the thousands.

Chinese Feed Their Dead.

Twice a year, in the first week in April and October, the Chinese carry food to their dead.

FOR LOVERS OF NATURE.

Life in the Primeval Woods Poetically Described in Charles G. D. Roberts' New Book.

If one chooses to enter the forest primeval by proxy, or if he would be tempted to go himself into wilds and thickets let him read Mr. Roberts' "The Heart of the Ancient Wood," just issued by Silver, Burdette & Co., of New York. On the very first page the sweet calm of the forest steals over the reader. There is no desolation, for the wood is "populous in its reserve." Every dell, every nook, every crevice is instinct with life. Even the silence is "not indolently soft, like that which sifts in green shadow through the leafage of a summer garden, but tense,

CHARLES G. D. ROBERTS.
(Author of "The Heart of the Ancient Wood" and Other Stories.)

alertly and mysteriously expectant." Into the heart of this wood Kirstie Craig, with her little girl, Miranda, goes to find a home and to escape the gossip of busy tongues. A savage place for a home, these Canadian woods, especially for an unprotected woman, but "Kirstie Craig's got grit enough for ten men" and she proves it, too.

The reader follows with close interest the education of the child, who comes on good terms with the shy animals about her. Her pet is a great she-bear, that had once rescued her from a panther. As Thorsan had power over the denizens of the wood, and even over the fish of the stream, so this child finds strange companions and a marvelous control over them.

Love that never halts at bolts or bars finds his way into this ancient forest as the child Miranda grows to womanhood. Her lover is a young hunter and he antagonizes the beasts that are so friendly with Miranda. Naturally a collision follows and this serves as a plot for the story. The girl's love for the man is greater than her love for animals and his love for her is greater than his love for sport. Together they leave the heart of the ancient wood.

One gets very close to nature in this prose poem. Evidently the author has himself lived in the forest, where the silence is audible. Like Henry James, Howells and Stephen Crane, he has an eye for closest detail, an advantage to the reader, who may find in Mr. Roberts far more than he is likely to find in the ancient wood, not because it is not in the wood, but because, unlike Mr. Roberts, he has not the eyes to see it.

MISS GRACE BOUTELLE.

Famous Maine Belle Is Devoting All Her Time to Taking Care of Her Sick Father.

Although the reelection of Charles A. Boutelle, of Maine, to a seat in congress will probably never reach him, it is a source of great satisfaction to his daughter, Miss Grace, who is devoting her life to his comfort. As is well known Mr. Boutelle has been for many months an inmate of a private asylum

MISS GRACE BOUTELLE.
(Has Forsaken Society to Nurse Her Demented Father.)

at Waverley, Mass. His mind is a complete wreck and even the most sanguine of his friends have given up hope of his restoration to reason.

During his entire illness Mr. Boutelle's daughter has been a ministering angel. She is a beautiful young woman and was long a favorite in Washington society. She would be gladly welcomed back to the scenes of her social triumphs, but has chosen instead to remain close to her father. She has sacrificed everything to be as near the one she loves as possible. Not a day passes but she drives from her lodgings to the insane asylum to spend as many hours with the patient as the doctors will allow. By her tender and loving caresses she seems to soothe the uneasy patient and if Congressman Boutelle recovers the doctors declare the credit will be due to his affectionate daughter.

Genuine Jordan Water.

An American has erected a number of steam pumps on the Jordan, and is now supplying churches in the United States and in Europe with genuine Jordan water.

WISCONSIN STATE NEWS.

Accused of Double Crime.

Frank Schwant was arrested at Colby charged with murdering Mr. and Mrs. William Klokow at Spencer on November 14, on which date the aged couple were burned to death in their home. It appears that the Klokows deeded their farm over to Schwant with the understanding that he was to provide a home for them during the remainder of their lives. Schwant, it is said, was the only person who saw the fire. The arrest was made after the coroner's jury brought in a verdict of murder.

Case Abandoned.

The case against John Campfield, of the town of Rushford, charged with killing Alphonse Sandon, a hermit, supposed to be wealthy, and with attempting to cremate the remains by setting fire to the hermit's house, has been dropped. Campfield has been tried twice for the offense, each trial lasting six weeks and costing the county thousands of dollars. The jury each time disagreed, standing the first time six to six and the second eight to four for conviction.

Panther Eats a Girl.

The eight-year-old daughter of C. F. Biley, a farmer living 16 miles from Cartwright, in the Mad Brook settlement, was carried away by a huge panther and devoured. The girl was walking in the road near the farm when the beast sprung from the woods and, taking the girl in its jaws, carried her into a swamp, where she met a most horrible death, being torn limb from limb. A few scattered remains that were found were gathered up and buried.

Death of Judge Wyman.

Judge Orris B. Wyman, of the Sixth judicial circuit of Wisconsin, died of cancer at Buffalo, N. Y., where he had been under treatment for some time. He was elected circuit judge in April, 1894, previous to which he was an attorney in practice at Viroqua many years. In April last Judge Wyman was elected for a second term. Several months ago his health failed and he had to relinquish his judicial labors. He was 53 years old.

Inspection Committee.

Gov. Scofield has appointed the legislative committee for the biennial inspection of the charitable, penal and reformatory institutions of the state. The committee is composed as follows: Senator J. J. McGillivray, of Black River Falls, chairman, and Assemblymen Philo A. Orton, of Darlington, and James Johnston, of Mukwonago. This committee is required to report to the legislature at the approaching session.

Death Mystery Cleared.

The mystery surrounding the finding of the remains of an unknown man on the shore of Lake Michigan near Kenosha on September 16 seems to be solved, as the police have secured evidence which shows that the remains were those of Jacob Burema, of Muskegon, Mich., who came to Kenosha a short time before the remains were found.

The Spiritualists.

The Wisconsin State Spiritualists' association closed its three days' session in Fond du Lac. The attendance at the meetings was large, as there are many Spiritualists in Fond du Lac, and at one time the denomination maintained a church there. At a business meeting it was decided to establish headquarters in Madison.

The News Condensed.

John Cooper, an early settler, died at his home near North Greenfield, aged over 90 years. He was known as one of the strongest men in Wisconsin and he stood six feet two inches in height.

After 19 years of work the Milwaukee harbor of refuge has been completed.

Rev. Arthur C. Kempton, pastor of the Baptist church at Janesville, died at his home, aged 50 years. He was the president of the State Christian Endeavor societies.

The coroner's jury decided that George M. Furlough, whose dead body was found in the road near Washburn, with a bullet in the head, was murdered by an unknown person.

After being closed for over two months the mammoth J. I. Case Threshing Machine company resumed operations in Racine by putting several hundred men to work.

W. J. Zehl, who kidnaped his two children at Antigo, has been placed in jail at Wausau and the children have been returned to their mother.

Sheriff Austin Chisler returned to Eau Claire from Muskegon, Mich., with William Hohenstein, who is wanted on a criminal charge preferred by the parents of a young woman.

The state land commissioners are in Washington to aid the passage of the bill for the restoration to Wisconsin of certain large areas of swamp lands, said to be about 315,000 acres in extent.

Portage county has decided to commence the payment of its railroad bonded indebtedness, and to that end will retire $95,000 worth of the present issue in July.

P. N. Jenkins, furniture dealer at Beloit, failed for $20,000; assets, $8,600.

Arthur Curtis, for three years right tackle on the varsity football team, has been elected captain of the team for next year. Curtis is a Madison boy.

The Sheboygan National Gas company, owned by the United Gas Improvement company of Philadelphia, has passed into the hands of a Detroit and Chicago syndicate.

James Campbell, a wealthy creamery owner, died at his home at Beaver Dam, aged 65 years.

SLIPS BY THE BRITISH.

Gen. De Wet Succeeds in Extricating Himself from a Very Tight Place.

London, Dec. 10.—The war office has received the following dispatch from Gen. Kitchener, from Bloemfontein, dated December 8:

"Have just received news from Knox, at Bonville, that De Wet's force, having failed to force Commassie bridge, which we held, has trekked northeast, abandoning 50 horses and many carts. His attempt on Cape Colony, therefore, has failed. He is being pressed on all sides."

Aliwal North, Cape Colony, Friday, Dec. 7.—Gen. De Wet appears to be in a most dangerous position and to need all his strategy to extricate his force. With strong British columns on three sides and two swollen rivers barring his front, the British commanders begin to be hopeful that the great chase by four columns, which has been one of the most exciting operations of the war, will result in the capture of De Wet. Definite news of his whereabouts was first received December 2. The next morning Gen. Knox started in hot pursuit and Pilcher's and Herbert's columns were detached to make a turning movement.

After three hours' march Gen. Knox learned that during the night De Wet had doubled back past the British right, necessitating a complete change of plans. During the night of December 3 Gen. Knox encamped on the Carmel farm, the site of the Boer laager, which evidently recently and hurriedly moved. Gen. Knox started again at daylight, hoping to corner De Wet while crossing Karreepoort drift, but he arrived too late. The British experienced very great difficulty in following De Wet, owing to the rise in the river, but they succeeded in crossing without the loss of a man or a beast. From that time on the pursuit of the Boers was taken up without baggage, the troops being supplied by foragers, enabling them to make more rapid movements, and keep in touch with the republicans.

Johannesburg, Dec. 10.—The Boers have captured 17,000 sheep from a small detachment of British troops in the vicinity of Krugersdorp.

WANTS CREED CHANGED.

Presbyterian Committee Reports That the Church Desires Some Kind of Revision.

Washington, Dec. 10.—After two hours' deliberation Saturday the Presbyterian committee concluded its discussion of the revision of the Westminster confession of faith and adjourned.

The committee find on examination of the returns from the various presbyteries the following facts:

1. That the returns plainly indicate that the church desires some changes in its credal statement.

2. The returns indicate plainly that no change is desired which would in any way impair the integrity of the system of doctrine contained in the confession of faith.

3. These returns also indicate that a large plurality desire that changes should be made by some new statement of present doctrines.

4. The returns also indicate a desire upon the part of many presbyteries for some revision of the present confession.

5. It was therefore unanimously agreed by the committee to recommend to the general assembly that some revision or change be made in our confessional statements. Substantial but not final agreement was reached as to the method of preparing changes embodying both revision and supplemental statement; but the determining of the whole matter was deferred to a subsequent meeting.

The committee will convene in this city on February 12 next to finally prepare its statement to the general assembly in May.

REPLIES TO PINGREE.

Judge Wiest, Criticised by Governor, Asks for Investigation by Legislature.

Lansing, Mich., Dec. 10.—Judge Howard Wiest, of the Ingham county circuit, who conducted the trial resulting in the conviction of Gen. Marsh and who sentenced Gen. White to ten years in prison, was fiercely attacked by Gov. Pingree in an interview Friday.

Saturday Judge Wiest telegraphed Gov. Pingree a request to have the legislature investigate his conduct as circuit judge and take such action as the proofs warrant.

Costly Fire at Canton.

Canton, O., Dec. 10.—The Arcade block, owned by Mrs. M. C. Barber, sister of Mrs. McKinley, was destroyed by fire Saturday night. Twenty families who occupied rooms above the business places are homeless. The entire loss will probably reach $[illegible], with insurance of one-third. Four firemen were seriously but not fatally injured by falling walls.

Train Wrecks Street Car.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 10.—The Cumberland accommodation for Pittsburgh on the Baltimore & Ohio road crashed into a United Traction car filled with people at Rankin. One man was killed outright, his wife so badly hurt that she can hardly recover, his baby was seriously injured and a score of other passengers were badly hurt.

Made a Confession.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Dec. 10.—Al Scharsch, head bookkeeper in the Fourth national bank, a popular clubman and active in society and military affairs, confessed that he had appropriated $2,422 of the bank funds during the past year and had spent it all. He was locked up.

Innocent Man Set Free.

Philadelphia, Dec. 10.—After serving seven years of a 15-year sentence in the eastern penitentiary here, James Parker, of Ellisdale, N. J., has been released as innocent of the crimes with which he was charged.

OUR GREAT

CLEARANCE SALE!

The Greatest Bargain Sale that has ever taken place in Rhinelander.

Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, Shoes and Furnishing Goods.

Men's all wool beaver and kersey overcoats, regular $7.50 and $8.00 values **5.75**	Men's all wool beaver and kersey overcoats, regular $9 and $10 values **7.48**	Men's all wool beaver and kersey overcoats, regular $12 and $14 values **10.48**	Men's all wool covert overcoats, regular $8.50 and $10.00 values **6.98**	Young men's and boys' all wool beaver and kersey overcoats, regular $12 and $14 values **9.98**
Men's all wool covert overcoats, regular $12.00 and $14.00 values **10.48**	With every Suit or Overcoat you will receive a suitable present for the coming holiday.			Men's all wool covert overcoats, regular $16.50 and $18.00 values **13.98**
A fine line of fancy bosom shirts, regular 75c and 1.00 value for **49c**	Men's heavy all wool 1.00 underwear for **59c**	Men's heavy all wool 75c caps for **39c**	Men's $3.25 felt shoes **2.48**	Men's $2.50 felt shoes **1.73**
The best 50c underwear for **29c**	Men's heavy all wool 50c socks for **39c**	Men's heavy all wool 50c mitts for **39c**	Men's $3.00 felt shoes **2.23**	Men's $2.00 felt shoes **1.48**
Men's 25c all wool socks **19c**	Ladies $1.75 felt shoes for **1.23**	Also a Full Line of Men's Ulsters and Boy's Reefers at **GREATLY REDUCED PRICES**	Ladies $1.75 felt Juliet slippers **1.25**	Ladies $1.25 felt Juliet slippers **95c**

These are Only a Few Sample Bargains.

To miss this Money-Saving Opportunity will be a great mistake.

REMEMBER, this Sale will last but a Short Time.

H. LEWIS,

The Leading Clothier. Rhinelander. Wis.

THE NEW NORTH.

RHINELANDER PRINTING CO.

NEWS 'ROUND ABOUT US

Arbor Vitae.

Sunday, Dec. 9, 1900, at 6:30 p. m. occurred the death of Helen M. Murray, wife of Dell Murray, of Arbor Vitae. Deceased had not been in good health for some time, but was confined to her bed only two weeks prior to her death. Mrs. Murray was attended during her illness by her sister, Mrs. Bowen, of Nekoosa, and the ladies of the Royal Neighbor lodge, of which she was receiver. Hers was the first death to occur in the lodge, which was organized last March and in which she held a policy for $2,000. On Monday the ladies performed the usual ceremony over the body of their departed friend and Neighbor, and then marched before the carriage that bore the remains to the depot. Interment being in Nekosa, the former home of the deceased, on Tuesday morning. Mrs. Murray was thirty-three years old and besides her sister, leaves a husband and a fifteen year old daughter to mourn her loss.

Mrs. S. B. Bissell and Miss Mollie Murray went to Rhinelander last Friday for a visit with friends. The ladies had a special car for their use, but it wasn't a Pullman palace car.

The mill, which has been idle undergoing repairs and waiting for logs for three weeks, started running Tuesday noon. The night crew has also commenced work.

Fred. Brayback and Mr. Parker, of Tomahawk, were visitors here last week. Mr. Brayback has many friends here who are always glad to see him.

Miss Margaret Eagan was in Minocqua on Sunday where she went to spend a couple of hours with a very dear friend from Merrill.

Robert Lott and family are once more residents of Arbor Vitae, the gentleman being back in his old position in the company store.

S. B. Gary spent several days of this week in Iron River, Mich., where he went last Saturday to transact business.

The man who had been confined in the pest house has been released and sent on his way rejoicing.

Miss Jessie Coffman returned Monday from a visit of a few days in Star Lake.

Joe Swift-Seibel, president of the Swift-Seibel & Rick Co., is reported ill.

The most popular saying here now is "Oh, look out for my arm!"

J. D. Ross, of Oak Park, Ill., spent Sunday in Arbor Vitae.

Dr. Harrerson, of Star Lake, was in town Friday.

Monico.

Miss Jessie Scheon and sisters Ida and Vera spent Sunday visiting friends and returned to their home in Rhinelander accompanied by Miss Emilyn Greene.

Mrs. Will Meigher and sister, Miss Laura Meyers, who have been visiting their parents here, returned to their home in Ashland.

Walter Fill, of Ashland, spent Sunday in our village visiting friends.

Mrs. J. S. Greene and daughter Sue, who have been visiting Mrs. J. E. Stekl of Ashland, returned home Sunday.

Miss Hattie Tomock, who has been visiting her sister Mrs. Jas. Singer, returned to her home in Antigo Saturday.

Mrs. Will Singer and children returned home from a visit with Antigo relatives and friends.

B. F. Jillson called on Rhinelander friends Thursday.

Will Cannon spent Sunday with his parents in Ashland.

Clem. Graef returned Monday from a week's visit in Clintonville.

Will Moon, of Milwaukee, was in town Sunday.

Silas Hycks was a Rhinelander caller Monday.

Mrs. Harry Jennings and infant son, who has been visiting here for some time, returned to her home in Antigo Friday.

E. E. Greene went to State Line Monday.

John Pohlmany, of Neenah, is visiting his relatives and friends for a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Rumery, of Rhinelander, are visiting Mrs. J. Landerhue.

Miss Helen Hass, who has been with her sister, Mrs. J. Landerhue, returned to her home in Rhinelander.

Hazelhurst.

Frank Bryant returned from Michigan last week.

C. C. Yawkey spent part of last week in Chicago.

The house occupied by Chas. Rumery caught fire last Thursday and burned to the ground. Considerable furniture was saved, but all the contents of the upper story were destroyed. It was quite a misfortune for Mr. and Mrs. Rumery.

The weekly services will be held on Wednesday evenings until further notice.

A sleigh load of children of various ages and sizes went to Minocqua for a ride Saturday.

Rev. Holden of Minocqua, preached in the hall last Sunday.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25 cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded. J. J. REARDON.
O18-April-'01.

WANTED—Cedar shingle blocks.
WIXSON, BRONSON & FRENCH CO.
5w-d27

Wanted.

Cedar posts and poles, all sizes and lengths. For prices offered and further information. Inquire of D. F. Recker at office of Brown-Robbins Lbr. Co. J. H. QUEAL & Co.

Card of Thanks.

We desire to thank the many friends who showed their sympathy in our bereavement and so kindly assisted in the burial of our son and brother.
MR. AND MRS. GETCHELL
LIZZIE NIXON.

Holiday Rates to Canadian Points.

For the holidays the Soo Line will sell tickets to points in eastern Canada at one fare for the round trip. Get particulars from agents or write W. R. Callaway, General Passenger Agent, Minneapolis, Minn.

Teachers and Students' Holiday Rates.

Fare and one third for the round trip from stations on the Soo Line in Michigan to points in lower Michigan. Get particulars from agents or write W. R. Callaway, G. P. A. Minneapolis, Minn.

Holiday Rates Via Soo Line.

For Christmas and New Years holidays the Soo Line will sell tickets between local points at fare and one third for the round trip. Inquire of agents or write W. R. Callaway, G. P. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

Excursion Rates to Winter Resorts.

Via the Northwestern Line. Excursion tickets are sold daily, with favorable time limits, to numerous points in the West and South at reduced rates. For tickets and full information, apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern R'y.

To Small Pox Patients.

I wish to announce that I am prepared to take charge of a pest house or nurse those afflicted with small pox at reasonable rates. Thoroughly understands the disease and will guarantee to cure it without leaving a scar.
FRED LANGLOIS,
1w Rhinelander, Wis.

Excursion Rates Via Soo Line.

For Christmas and New Years Holidays the Soo Line will sell round trip tickets to Montreal, Quebec, Toronto, Buffalo, New York, Portland, Boston, Halifax, and all points in the East at very low rates. No transfer. No delays. For particulars call on nearest agent or write to W. R. Callaway, G. P. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the board of public works of the city of Rhinelander, Wis. will recieve at the office of the city clerk, and secretary of this board, until the 22nd day of December, A. D. 1900, at 10 o'clock A. M., bids for furnishing the city of Rhinelander at the Pumping Station in the Third ward of said city five hundred (500) cords of tamarack and hemlock wood; said wood to be full 4 ft. in length, and good, sound split body wood, bids of 100. Cord lots will be received, and the board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of the board of public works. WM. W. CARR, Sec.

August Flower.

"It is a surprising fact," says Prof. Houton, "that in my travels in all parts of the world, for the last ten years, I have met more people having used Green's August Flower than any other remedy for dyspepsia, deranged liver and stomach, and for constipation. I found for tourists and salesmen, or for persons filling office positions, where headaches and general bad feelings from irregular habits exist, that Green's August Flower is a grand remedy. It does not injure the system by frequent use, and is excellent for sour stomachs and indigestion." Sample bottle free at J. J. REARDON's, Drug Store. 3m-n22-H4

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS

[Official Publication.]

At an adjourned meeting of the common council held on the 23rd day of October 1900.

Meeting called to order Mayor E. P. Brennan. Roll call. The following Ald. were present: Anderle, F. A. Brown, S. A. Brown, Beers, Cass, Divers, Johnson and Matteson.

Reading minutes of previous meeting dispensed with.

Petition of H. Roepke and others for the appointment of L. O. Larson Ald. from the 1st ward was read. The following appointment was read:

Rhinelander, Wis., Oct. 23, 1900.

I, E. P. Brennan, mayor of the city of Rhinelander hereby appoint John Swedberg Ald. from the First ward to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of J. Klamb.
E. P. BRENNAN, Mayor.

Moved by Ald. Divers and seconded by Ald. Anderle that the appointment be confirmed. Motion carried, the council voting as follows: F. E. Brown, S. A. Brown, Beers and Matteson (4) voting no and Anderle, Cass, Divers, Johnson and the Mayor (5) voting aye.

The mayor made the following appointments.

Rhinelander, Wis., Oct. 23, 1900.

I, E. P. Brennan, mayor, hereby appoint the following members of the library board to take the place of those whose terms have expired. S. S. Miller, Mrs. E. O. Brown and Mrs. Jno. Barnes for 3 years. I also appoint Frank Divers member of the library board to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Jacob Klamb. E. P. BRENNAN, Mayor.

Moved by Ald. Anderle and seconded by Ald. S. A. Brown that the appointments be confirmed. Carried.

Communication of Oneida Co. was read.

Moved by Ald. Divers and seconded by Ald. Johnson that the mayor, city attorney and comptroller be appointed a committee to represent the city before the tax commissioner. Carried.

On motion the following bills were allowed. All of the Ald. voting aye and the proper officers instructed to draw orders for same.

3721	W. Greenshields	$4.50
3722	Barnes & Weesner	$100.00
3723	Wixson, Bronson & French	$72.26
3727	D. E. Thompson	$6.00
3728	Peter Bruno	$5.50
3729	Stevens Lumber Co.	$62.22
3730	E. Langer	$28.12
3731	Philip Eckrote	$31.12
3732	Chas. Rogers	$31.25
3733	J. Whalen	$27.75
3734	Adolph Berkholz	$2.62
3735	George Kessler	$1.87
3736	A. Altenberg	$25.12
3737	Frank Jarvis	$30.00
3738	L. Vetting	$50.00
3739	Henry Evers	$33.37
3740	Sol. Smith	$35.62
3741	Sam Moore	$34.00
3742	Robert Webb	$45.75
3743	Hose Co. No. 2	$42.00
3744	Mrs. Graham	$1.25
3745	Ed. Rogers	$1.50
3746	Clark & Lennon	$3.55
3747	George Joukett	$2.00
3748	Brown Bros. Lumber Co.	$12.06
3749	Mrs. Graham	$4.50
3750	Hose Co. No. 1	$52.00
3751	N. Peter	$1.00
3752	Peter Smith	$2.00
3753	Wis. Telephone Co.	$6.50
3754	R. R. Spooner	$10.00
3755	D. H. Vaughn	$3.50
3756	Barnes & Weesner	$3.00
3757	A. D. Sutton	$3.75
3758	Morris Nolan	$15.00
3759	Walter Sutton	$3.70
3760	Jake Lawrence	$25.50
3761	Paul Browne	$8.75
3762	New York Belting and Packing Co.	$190.00
3763	Baltic Zinc Works	$50.00
3764	Robt. O'Brien	$3.00
3765	A. D. Conover	$120.60
3766	Con. Lynch	$1.00
3767	W. F. Ball	$6.00
3768	Herald Pub. Co.	$11.25
3769	J. G. Dunn	$3.40
3770	Wixson, Bronson & French	.40
3771	Geo. Kessler	$7.13
3772	W. F. Ball	$4.50
3773	A. D. Sutton	$6.50
3774	Spafford & Cole	$2.16
3775	Lewis Hardware Co.	

The following resolution was read: Resolved by the common council of the city of Rhinelander that the board of public works cause a catch basin to be put in at the north-east corner of King and Pelham streets.

Offered and passage moved by G. W. Beers. Ald.

Moved by Ald. Divers and seconded by Ald. S. A. Brown that the resolution be adopted as read. Carried, all of the Ald. voting aye.

The following resolution was read: Resolved by the common council of the city of Rhinelander that the committee on fire department be and they are hereby authorized and instructed to employ such help as is necessary to attach a suitable set of weights to the front doors of hose house No. 2 similar to the weights which are attached to the front doors of hose house No. 1 and the said committee are further instructed to purchase a suitable carpet in the sleeping room in hose house No. 2 at a cost not to exceed $25.00.
FRED ANDERLE, Ald.

Moved by Ald. Cass and seconded by Ald. F. A. Brown that the resolution be adopted as read. Carried, all of the Ald. voting aye.

The following resolution was read: Resolved by the common council of the city of Rhinelander that permission be and the same hereby is granted Casper Faust to erect a one story frame building 9x20 on lots 6, block 21, original plat, city of Rhinelander provided the same is entirely covered with iron.

Offered and passage moved by Fred. Anderle, Ald.

Moved by Ald. Divers and seconded by Ald. F. A. Brown that the resolution be adopted as read. Carried, all of the Ald. voting aye.

The following ordinance was read:

No ordinance granting to the Chicago and Northwestern Railway company the right to construct a spur track across certain streets in the city of Rhinelander, Wis.

The mayor and common council of the city of Rhinelander do ordain as follows:

Section One. Permission and authority are hereby granted to the Chicago and Northwestern railway company to construct, maintain and operate a spur railway track of standard across the southeasterly corner of Conway streets and over and across Granite streets, between the south line of said Conway streets and the north line of block seventeen (17) in the first addition to said city of Rhinelander, and over and across Curtis street between lot seven (7) in said block seventeen (17) and lot six (6) of block twenty (20) in said addition.

Section Two. The ordinance shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage and publication. EMIL JOHNSON, Ald.

Moved by Ald. S. A. Brown and seconded by Ald. Beers that the ordinance be laid over until next meeting. Carried.

The following report was read: The board of public works to whom was referred the petition of a large number of citizens and tax payers of the city to the common council to cause to be laid a water pipe from the main on Oneida avenue to the cemetery, of such size and such depth as the common council shall determine. Beg leave to report that we have investigated the matter and conclude that it is of great importance, and that the system of water works should be extended to the cemetery at the earliest practicable date.

However it being so late in the season, and there being insufficient funds in the treasury to properly carry out the prayer of the petitioners this fall we recommend that a sufficient sum for the purpose be levied as a special tax, and that the work be taken up and completed at as early a date next spring as the weather will permit.

Respectfully submitted.

By order of the board of public works.
WM. W. CARR, Sec.

Moved by Ald. Divers and seconded by Ald. S. A. Brown that the reports be adopted as read. Carried.

Moved by Ald. Beers and seconded by Ald. Matteson that the fire committee be authorized to expend the necessary amount to have the foundation and tower of Hose House No. 1 repaired so that the same will be in a safe condition. Carried, all of the Ald. voting aye.

The mayor appointed Ald. G. W. Beers, S. A. Brown and Frank Divers a committee to settle with Mr. Berkholz for damages sustained to his lot by reason of the High street viaduct.

On motion council adjourned until Nov. 7, 1900, at 7 p. m. WM. W. CARR, City Clerk.

Nov. 7, 1900.

At an adjourned regular meeting of the council held on the 7th day of Nov. 1900, there not being a quorum present, Council adjourned until Nov. 13, 1900 at 7:30 p. m.
WM. W. CARR, City Clerk.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.
November 22nd, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of circuit court at Rhinelander, Wisconsin, on January 5th, 1900, viz: Carl E. Johnson who made H. E. No. 9463 for the E½ NE¼ and SW¼ NE¼ Sec. 18 T. 37, N. R. 6 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Olof Swan, of Harshaw, Wisconsin; Anton Carlson, of Rhinelander, Wisconsin; Carl Gustafson, of Harshaw, Wisconsin; D. E. Briggs, of Rhinelander, Wisconsin.
EDGAR T. WHEELOCK, Register.
6t-N29-J3.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.
November 8th, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the circuit court at Rhinelander, Wisconsin, on December 21st, 1900, viz: Wilhelm Peter who made H. E. No. 7474 for the SE¼ SW¼ Sec. 18 and NE¼ of NW¼ Sec. 19 T. 38 N. R. 9 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land viz: Andrew Mohr, of Rhinelander, Wis.; August Fertig, of Robins, Wis.; John Dorsch, of Rhinelander, Wis.; Joe Bush, of Rhinelander Wis.
EDGAR T. WHEELOCK, Register.
6t-N15-D20.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.
December, 8th, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver, U. S. Land office at Wausau, Wisconsin, on January 22nd, 1901, viz. William Oelhaken, who made H. E. 9569, for the NW¼ SW¼ S½ S W¼ Sec. 2, and SE¼ S E¼ Sec. 3, T. 37 N. R. 5 East.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: August Zastrow, William Zander and Andrew Oelhaken of Tomahawk, Lincoln Co. Wisconsin, and John W. Kelley, of Somo, Lincoln Co. Wisconsin.
EDGAR T. WHEELOCK, Register.
6t-d13-J17

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.
December 8th, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Rhinelander, Wisconsin, on January 22nd, 1901, viz: Louis Eichlerp, who made H. E. No. 9540, for the E½ S E¼ Sec. 18, T. 36 N. R. 4 East.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: John Anstrud and Andrew Harris, of Clifford, Wisconsin, Alex. Lendale, of Hesford, Wisconsin, and Otto Eichlerp, of Tomahawk, Wisconsin.
6t-d13-J17 EDGAR T. WHEELOCK, Register

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.
November 22nd, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the circuit court at Rhinelander, Wisconsin, on January 5th, 1901, viz: Carl Gustafson who made H. E. No. 9463 for the E½ NE¼ and NW¼ NE¼ Sec. 18 T. 37, N. R. 6 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Olof Swan, of Harshaw, Wisconsin; Anton Carlson, of Rhinelander, Wisconsin; John Werner, of Harshaw, Wisconsin.
6t-N29-J3. EDGAR T. WHEELOCK, Register.

HOLIDAY MERC

...es are full. It's ...re and you are ...l the children.

The Bigges
Come whe
Prompt an
Don't
salespeo
—but co

Glass, Lamps, Pictures, Picture Fra... s, Books, Stationery and Desk Fittings ...en's Outfitting Department. Oriental ...and Tables, Steam Toys, Magic Lantern

Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878.—Notice for Publication.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
WAUSAU, WIS., Aug. 20, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, Edward W. Whitson, of Tomahawk, county of Lincoln, State of Wisconsin, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 131, for the purchase of the W½ SW¼ of section No. 10, in Township No. 37 N., Range No. 6 E., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Wausau, Wis., on Saturday, the 19th day of January, 1901.

He names as witnesses: H. A. Johnson, E. Habe, H. A. Lockhart, D. C. Jones, all of Tomahawk, Wis.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 19th day of January, 1901.
10w-N15-J17. EDGAR T. WHEELOCK, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.
November 7th, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the circuit court at Rhinelander, Wisconsin, on December 22nd, 1901 viz: Jesse Taylor who made H. E. No. 9231 for the S½ NE¼ and N½ SE¼ Sec. 12, T. 36, N. R. 5 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: George Lamb, of Somo, Wisconsin; John Mertink, of Tomahawk, Wisconsin; Robert Brown, of Tomahawk, Wisconsin; Bert Fitzgerald, of Tomahawk, Wisconsin.
6w-N15-Dec20. EDGAR T. WHEELOCK, Register.

Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878.—Notice for Publication.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
WAUSAU, WIS., Aug. 24th, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, Henry A. Johnson, of Tomahawk, county of Lincoln, State of Wisconsin, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 129, for the purchase of the Lot 7 of Section No. 3 in Township No. 36 N. Range No. 6 E., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Wausau, Wis., on Saturday, the 19th day of January, 1901.

He names as witnesses: E. W. Whitson, H. E. Lockhart, Dave Jones, Ed. Hale, all of Tomahawk, Wis.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 19th day of January, 1901.
10w-N15-J17. EDGAR T. WHEELOCK, Register.

To the Policy Holders of the Penn Mutual Life Ins. Co.,

Phila., and to all others. You are hereby notified that the agency for this Company heretofore held by Wm. A. Clark, of Rhinelander, has been terminated, and that from and after October 22nd, 1900, Mr. H. A. Raymond, of Rhinelander, Cashier of Merchant's State Bank, is the only representative of the Co. to whom money should be paid for Rhinelander and adjacent counties, unless such money be remitted to Milwaukee office of Co. at 306 Pabst Bldg.
WM. W. MACOMBER, Manager.

J. A. WHITING,
VETERINARY SURGEON
And DENTIST.
Office at Joslin & Chafee's Livery.
Rhinelander, Wisconsin.

GEM BARBER SHOP
H. L. JEWETT, Prop.
I make it a point to satisfy my patrons. My workmen are the best in the city. Call and see me. Shop on Davenport Street, next to First National Bank.

F. A. HILDEBRAND,
DEALER IN FURNITURE.
My Stock is Complete and my Prices Reasonable. Your Patronage is solicited.
An expert embalmer and funeral director in readiness at all times. Call before purchasing.
RHINELANDER, - WIS.

The Central
BARBER SHOP
GEO. DUSEL, Proprietor.
Only First-Class Workmen Employed.
Hiller House Block.

Coal and Wood
FOR SALE!
Excavating
Lowest Prices in City on Coal
W. F. SHAFER,
RHINELANDER, - WIS.

100 LINE
Is the Direct Route to
CANADIAN PROVINCES,
New England AND
POINTS EAST NEW YORK
Solid Vestibuled Trains to Montreal.
Only Through Sleepers to Boston.
SOO-PACIFIC
Scenic Route
TO
VANCOUVER,
VICTORIA,
SEATTLE,
TACOMA,
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WE CAN FURNISH YO
160 ACRES OF FINE
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FIFTY-FIVE DOLLARS.
FINEST COUNTRY FOR
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Climate and Water Unexcelled.
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The Finest
Produced.
FOR SALE BY
E. VAN RIPER,

The largest, finest and lowest priced line of
Crockery, Lamps,
Cut Glass,
Fancy China, etc.
to be found in Northern Wisconsin is on Display at the store of
LEWIS HDW. CO.
Merchants State Bank Building, RHINELANDER, WIS.
Call there for Christmas Bargains.

Winter Suitings.
We have the most up-to-date and stylish goods for winter wear we ever had and we want your patronage.
THE PRICE SELLS THEM ON SIGHT.
We carry the very best grades of black and blue imported worsted.
A. C. DANIELSON,
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SISTER: READ MY FREE OFFER

Wise Words to Sufferers
From a Woman of Notre Dame.
I will mail, free of charge, this Home Treatment with full instructions and the history of my own case to any lady suffering from female trouble. You can cure yourself at home without the aid of any physicians. It will cost you nothing to give the treatment a trial, and if you decide to continue it will only cost you about twelve cents a week. It will not interfere with your work or occupation. I have nothing to sell. Tell other sufferers of it—that is all I ask. It cures all, young or old.
If you feel a bearing-down sensation, sense of impending evil, pain in the back or bowels, creeping feeling up the spine, a desire to cry frequently, hot flashes, weariness, address MRS M. SUMMERS, NOTRE DAME, IND., U. S. A., for the FREE TREATMENT and FULL INFORMATION. Thousands besides myself have cured themselves with it. I send it in plain wrappers.
Wherever you live I can refer you to well-known ladies of your state or county who know and will gladly tell any sufferer that this Home Treatment really cures all diseased conditions of our delicate female organism, thoroughly strengthens relaxed muscles and ligaments which cause displacement, and makes women well. Write to-day, as this offer will not hold good for long. Address
MRS. M. A. SUMMERS, Box M. A., Notre Dame, Ind., U. S., A.
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Rhinelander, Wis., Agent for Oneida, Vilas and Langlade counties.

CRUSOE'S Dept. Store.

BEAUTIFUL WINDOW DISPLAYS.

GRAND INTERIOR DECORATIONS.

GRAND OPENING OF THE HOLIDAY SEASON THIS WEEK.

TOY WONDERLAND. MAGNIFICENT DOLL BOOTH. BRING THE CHILDREN.

Special Holiday Bargains will be Offered in Every Department.

Next Week Store Open Nights Till Nine O'clock

BRILLIANT DISPLAY OF HOLIDAY MERCHANDISE!

Our Toy department is the wonder of the city. All the old stand-bys and all the new ideas in foreign and domestic Toys.

Buy early while the lines are full. It's a real pleasure bazaar here and you are welcome every day and all the children.

The Biggest Christmas! Come where the Goods are Prompt and Polite Service! Don't mind the crowds—17 salespeople to wait on the trade—but come early if possible.

American, German and French Toys and Dolls; Sleds, Bric-a-brac, China, Glass, Lamps, Pictures, Picture Frames, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Neckwear and Furnishings, Jewelry, Silverware, Clocks, Books, Stationery and Desk Fittings, Perfumery, Linens. Furs of all kinds. Cloaks and Jackets, Toys' Clothing, Millinery, Silk Waists, Children's Outfitting Department. Oriental Rugs and Oriental Draperies, Oriental Pillows. Doll Beds, Doll Buggies, Doll Cutters, Children's Chairs and Tables, Steam Toys, Magic Lanterns, Iron Tors, Ships, Games, Crokinole Boards, Drums, Albums, Tool Chests, etc. Ladies' Watches, Boys' Watches. Ladies' and Gents' Fancy Slippers and Stylish Shoes.

American Toys
German Toys
French Toys
Swiss Toys
Handkerchiefs

Extra ordinary display of handkerchiefs for the holidays: the largest and most varied collection ever in the city, and all at popular prices.

1C TO 75C.

Bits of Local Gossip

Elks' ball a week from tonight at the Armory hall.

Frank Bryant was down from Hazelhurst last Monday.

M. W. Lloyd transacted business at Arbor Vitae yesterday.

Neal Brown, of Wausau, was a visitor in the city last Friday.

D. Kirke has moved into his new residence in the Sixth ward.

Dr. Whiting was a visitor at Eagle River the latter part of last week.

A. J. Bolger was down from Minocqua last Saturday on business.

M. W. Lloyd returned Monday after several days' visit at points north.

W. T. Stevens and Matt. Stapleton were visitors at Monico last Monday.

H. S. Lewis, the light man, was a visitor at Antigo the first of the week.

Clerk of the Court Sturlevant was a visitor at Wausau the first of the week.

Mrs. S. B. Bissell, of Arbor Vitae, visited friends in this city last Friday and Saturday.

A. C. Danielson, the tailor, was a visitor at Lac du Flambeau the earlier part of the week.

Wm. Clark went up to Minocqua Saturday, remaining over Sunday with friends and relatives.

Passenger traffic on the railways is heavy these days and will continue so until after the holidays.

The High school foot ball boys will give a dance at the New Grand opera house tomorrow, Friday night.

Max Sells, one of Florence's prominent attorneys, was a visitor in the city last Friday on legal business.

A. O. Jenne was in from Woodboro Saturday on business connected with the Geo. E. Wood Lumber company.

Frank Steiner, editor of the Three Lakes Enterprise, was a visitor in the city for a few hours last Saturday.

Miss Kelley returned Saturday, after a week spent in towns north of here canvassing for stereopticon views.

Frank Barker and Carl Bastain, left the first of the week for Royalton, where they will work during the winter.

Will Young and Ed. Bailey, of Gladstone, Mich., arrived in town Wednesday morning, to visit the latters uncle, Lewis Yenor.

A. W. Andrews, of Minocqua, was a visitor in the city last Thursday and Friday, transacting business and visiting his many friends.

Miss Mollie Murray came down from Arbor Vitae last Friday, remaining over Sunday, the guest of her friend, Miss Mabel Chafee.

Rev. Wolfe, pastor of the Free Methodist church, was a visitor at Three Lakes Monday, conducting services there in the evening.

Chas. Decanter left last Monday night for Sturgeon Bay, where he will remain a portion of the winter, the guest of relatives and friends.

J. H. Morgan was a visitor at Eagle River and Three Lakes the latter part of last week in the interest of the Armour Packing company.

George and John Lyons left last Friday night for Bruce, a promising little town west of here on the Soo line. They expect to make that town their home.

Judd Brazell assisted W. L. Beers last Saturday in putting in a gasoline lighting plant in the Hotel Northern, for B. F. Jillson, proprietor of that hostelry.

Will Leland, of Oshkosh, was an over Sunday visitor at the home of his uncle, C. W. Chatterton. Mr. Leland is a representative of the Oshkosh Furniture company.

A steady pull, everybody, in an effort to bring our population up to the 10,000 mark. Rhinelander is destined to be the best town in the Wisconsin valley, in fact it is now.

Talk about your hard luck. Tom Wood has it. For some time he has been nursing a boil on the back of his neck and a very sore hand which he cut with a piece of tin and now he is having a siege of the mumps. He is certainly having a "swell" time of it.

For Sale—Four year old mare and harness for sale cheap. Inquire at this office.

Miss Catherine Galselle left Tuesday for Star Lake, where she was called to nurse some typhoid victims.

For Sale. A Kimball piano in good condition for sale cheap. Inquire of John C. Curran. 2w.p.

E. J. Broughton departed the first of the week for Burlington, Iowa, where he will make his future home.

A week from next Tuesday is Christmas. The youngsters are waiting in great anxiety for the annual visit of Santa Claus, in hopes that they will be remembered.

Miss Lou Stevens returned last week after an absence of nearly four months spent at Battle Creek, Mich., where she went to receive medical treatment for stomach trouble.

Senator D. E. Riordan, of Eagle River, is now a full fledged Elk. He peered into the deep mysteries of that order here last Thursday evening and is now a member of the local lodge.

Postmaster Parker is circulating a petition in order to secure the establishment of a rural free mail delivery service in this vicinity, of which mention was made in The New North two weeks ago.

The New North office is now provided with one of the new gasoline arc lights, which are becoming very popular in the city. Many of our business men are putting them into their places of business.

Geo. Hessinger of this city, and Miss Julia Oleson of Rhinelander, are to be married in that city today. Jake Leppart and Miss Emma Peterson of this place acting as best man and bridesmaid.—Minocqua Times.

Remember The New North's combination offer. This is to new subscribers and those who pay up arrears and one year in advance. This is a liberal offer that all should take advantage of.

John Hamilton was given fifteen days in the county bastile last Friday for the misappropriation of a shirt belonging to Albert Hayes. Hamilton was wearing the shirt at the time of his arrest.

L. W. Hamel returned Saturday, after an absence of two weeks which were spent at Oshkosh and Appleton. The object of his visit was to look for a location for a barber shop. He has not fully decided where he will go, but has his eagle eye on Oshkosh.

The concert given at the Congregational church last Monday evening under the auspices of St. Augustine's Guild was quite well attended and proved to be a rare musical treat which was heartily enjoyed by all present.

James Howe returned to Milwaukee last Saturday, after enjoying several days' visit here the guest of relatives and friends. Mr. Howe is the editorial writer on the Milwaukee Daily News. He was at one time editor of the Herald, of this city.

Mrs. Geo. Dean left Monday for New London, where she will remain till after Christmas, the guest of her husband. Mr. Dean has accepted a position as traveling representative for the American Candy Co. and will enter upon the discharge of his duties the first of the year.

We would judge from the clipping and no credit giving tactics adopted by the Central Wisconsin last week that "Bob" was absent from his sanctum sanctorium and had left his arduous duties in charge of some individual who is mighty handy with the shears and paste pot.

Louis Ostrowski, of Polonia, Wis., a brother of Max Ostrowski of this city, and August Zahorski, of Boshold, Wis., arrived in the city last Friday, remaining till Monday, the guest of relatives and friends. They went from here to Hatley, where they expect to remain during the winter.

The Page Concert company will give a delightful musical entertainment at the Grand opera house this evening. It will be a treat well worth attending. The company comes highly recommended by the press of the country as artists in their line.

Last Sunday, Mr. and Mrs. Chris. Roepke had a christening party for their baby girl. A bountiful supper was served and enjoyed by all. Those present were Messrs and Mesdames Henry Roepke, J. C. Johnson and children, W. F. Schafer and children, Nels Hansen and children, M. Marquardt, Mr. and Mrs. LaGage, Mrs. Jacob Klumb and children and Mr. Klumb, of Appleton.

Work was commenced Monday morning by Contractor Geo. Beers upon the new building to be erected by Matt Stapleton near the corner of Davenport and Stevens street, of which mention was made in last week's New North. It will be a one story structure and will be used for a shoe store upon its completion.

Rev. Hansen, of Antigo, arrived in the city last Monday to remain a couple of weeks for the purpose of conducting a series of divine services at the Baptist church, the first of which was held last Monday evening. The reverend gentleman was accompanied by his wife. The couple are being entertained at the home of D. B. Stevens.

Leonard J. Bruce, of Merrill, representing the New York Mutual Ins. Co., was in the city the latter part of last week in the interest of that excellent company. The New North was favored with pleasant calls from the young gentleman, who is a gentleman in the true sense of the term. Mr. Bruce is working up a good business in this section. He is deserving of all he gets and more.

Let us give a concerted pull to bring Rhinelander's population to the 10,000 mark within the next five years. Speak well of the town on every occasion. Induce your friends to become residents of the city, especially if they have means. No city in the state offers better inducements for the investment of capital than does Rhinelander. The future gives promise of being very bright.

The Kirk cottage at Pine lake was the scene of another very pleasant affair last Friday night, participated in by about thirty couple of young people of this city. The party of merry makers were driven out to the resort by Wm. Schafer, there being two loads. Musicians were taken along and dancing was indulged in during the evening, in fact till along in the small hours of the morning. A delightful time is the verdict of each and every one in attendance.

Keep in mind the Elks' charity ball on the night of Thursday, the 20th inst. It will be the swellest event of the season and none who enjoy the pleasure should miss the function. It will not be as Wither says, "Jack shall pipe and Gill shall dance," but the inspiration will be the best obtainable. The Arion orchestra of Oshkosh, has been engaged for the occasion. Our people are familiar with their music, which is always delightful. It is a worthy movement on the part of the Elks and there should be a good turnout.

The firm of Spafford & Cole closed a deal last Tuesday whereby they became the owners of the Fenelon stock of merchandise. Spafford & Cole will move the late addition to their already large stock of goods to their place of business immediately and will soon offer some unusually rare bargains. Mr. Fenelon will return in the near future to his home in Weyauwega, contrary to the wishes of his host of friends in this city.

Chas. Thurston, foreman for the Stevens Lumber company in their camp at Conover, came down Saturday, remaining over Sunday. Mr Thurston has forty men under him and will put in 2,000,000 feet of logs, which will be banked on the Wisconsin river above Rummells' siding. The scaling at the camp is being done by Thos. Bartlett and the men fed by Jesse Seguin. Mr. Thurston complained of the soft condition in the swamps, while in the highlands it is just right for logging operations. The late cold snap, though, will cause a change for the better.

August 22nd saw the first production of George H. Broadhurst's great farce "What Happened to Jones" in New York. July 15th it was presented in London, July 4th, 1899 at Johannesburg, S. A. and at Melbourne, Australia. The present is its fourth season in the United States, and its popularity is still undiminished. For clean fun, bright lines and hilarious complications it holds its own with any of Mr. Broadhurst's later works, and as a money maker it has never been excelled by any farce. "What Happened to Jones" will be given at the Grand opera house on Friday evening, Dec. 28, by Broadhurst Bros. own company of comedians, included among whom are such popular favorites as John Allison, Joseph McKeever, H. G. Hockey, H. W. Montgomery, Will H. Vedder, Chas. Green, L. P. Reinhart, Marie Haynes, Olive Murray, Florence Marion, Dorothy Armstrong, Bertha Livingstone and Maud Allison.

No invitations to the Elk's charity ball will be issued in the city. A general invitation is extended to Rhinelander people to attend.

Jacob Serane returned to his home in Minnesota this week, after two weeks' visit in the city, the guest of his daughter, Mrs. Geo. Pingry.

The supper given last evening at the parochial school building by the gentlemen of the Catholic church, was well patronized and a nice little sum realized.

The ladies of the St. Augustine's Guild will hold a ten cent "coffee" at the home of Mrs. Paul Browne on Saturday, December 15, from 3 to 5 o'clock. Everybody welcome.

Frances Margaret, the youngest child of Mr. and Mrs. John McBrone, died at Bruce, Chippewa county, last Monday evening. The remains were brought here last night and interred this morning.

Following the custom of the larger cities, for the convenience of their patrons, the local and dry goods department stores will keep open nights till 9 o'clock during holiday week, beginning Monday, the 17th.

Hereafter, Claude Shepard will have charge of the local cedar yard of the J. H. Queal Lumber company, having recently accepted a position with that firm. The interests of the above concern will be faithfully looked after by Mr. Shepard.

The fire department was called to Mannie Taggart's Sixth ward grocery store yesterday morning to answer an alarm of fire. Mr. Taggart is using one of the new gasoline arc lights. It was shining forth in all its radiance when the fire laddies arrived on the scene. The light was so great that they thought the whole store was ablaze.

Ed. Monsell returned Tuesday morning after several weeks' stay at Anadarko, Oklahoma, where he has been assisting his father, who has a contract with the government to do a job of surveying, which will take him several months. Mr. Monsell is re-arranging lands which will be thrown open for homestead entry in a year or so.

Crusoe's Bargain department store has at the present time the neatest display windows it has ever been our pleasure to see. The tasty display of goods is a work of art and reflects much credit upon Ralph Walker, the window trimmer, as well as upon the enterprising and up-to-date merchants who employ him. They have an exhibit of holiday goods that is attracting much attention and favorable comment.

Rhinelander should certainly have connection with the long distance telephone line of the Wisconsin Telephone company. We believe this could be done if the business men of the city would try and exert their influence with the company. The city has grown till this service has become a necessity and not a day passes but that our business men wish that the much wanted connection with the outside world was in force. Try it, gentlemen, and see if this modern convenience cannot be secured.

The demand for dwelling houses and rooms is becoming greater all the time and still there is nothing being done by the speculative inclined in the way of erecting cottages and flats. It's strange indeed that some one does not see, or rather take advantage of the opportunity Rhinelander offers for the investment of some capital in the manner suggested. The New North would almost be willing to guarantee fifteen per cent. on the investment. Such cottages would find immediate occupancy and permanent tenants. We do not wish to be looked upon as being a chronic crank upon this subject, but we cannot help but see the opportunity for investment and appreciate the necessity.

"Old friends are best," some plays like some people wear well. The more we see of them the better we like them. This is the case with Geo. H. Broadhurst's mirth provoking farce "What Happened to Jones." It never wears out its welcome. Always fresh inspiriting and invigorating, it appeals alike to the jaded palate of the confirmed theatre-goer and to the taste of the most ingenious. Written solely to provoke laughter it attains its purpose with a certainty that shames the hand of a master humorist, which the author has shown himself to be. "What Happened to Jones" will be presented at the Grand opera house on Friday evening, Dec. 28, by a company that extracts every drop of hilarity from its laughable situations.

Henry Chosa, an Indian, who was arrested several weeks ago for murdering Chief Niganiijig on the Lac du Flambeau reservation, was tried a few days ago and found guilty. He was sentenced to life imprisonment in the Stillwater penitentiary.

Rt. Rev. R. H. Weller, Jr., Bishop-Co-adjutor, of Fond du Lac, delivered an address at the St. Augustine's Episcopal church last evening. The gathering last evening was the opening service of a meeting of the Episcopal clergy of the Ashland Archdeaconry. Services will also be held this evening.

Local Auxiliary Meeting.

A meeting of the Local auxiliary of the Wisconsin Valley Advancement association is hereby called for next Monday evening, Dec. 17, at 8 o'clock, at The New North office. The meeting is called for the purpose of making recommendations for election of two local directors of the association, two to be elected from each city in the valley at the annual meeting of the association to be held at the Hotel Mitchell in Tomahawk on the following day, Tuesday, Dec. 18, and to transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting. It is essential that there be a good attendance.

Ward L. Swift, Secretary.

Bids Wanted.

The county board of Oneida county will accept bids, up to December 20th 1900 for furnishing one hundred and seventy-five cords of four foot body wood, half to be yellow birch and half hard maple. Delivery to be made on or before February 1, 1901. The committee reserves the right to reject any or all bids. B. Moran,

11-22-4t Chairman

Excursion Rates For The Holidays.

Via the Northwestern Line. Excursion tickets will be sold at low rates to points on the Northwestern System east of the Missouri River and Davenport, Rock Island and Northwestern R'y, within 200 miles of selling station, December 24, 25, 31 January 1, good returning until January 2, inclusive. Apply to agents, Chicago & Northwestern R'y.

Low Rates to The South.

Excursion tickets at reduced rates are now being sold by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway to the prominent resorts in the South, including Jacksonville, Fla., Mobile, Ala., New Orleans, La., Savannah, Ga., El Paso, Tex., which are good for return passage at any time prior to June 1st, 1901. Information regarding rates, routes, time, etc., can be obtained on application to any coupon ticket agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

F. A. Miller,
Gen'l Pass'r Agent.

Robbins.

Archie Sievwright the well known and popular land-looker of Rhinelander, spent part of last week in Robbins. Mr. Sievwright is an extra good shot and during the past deer hunting season killed his full limit of deer.

The train south last Friday on the Brown-Robbins R. R. took three cars of wood to Rhinelander. The wood was cut by Messrs. Syzmanski and Pesetzki.

Mrs. Pete Wildcat and son Thomas were called to State Line last Saturday by the illness of Mrs. Wildcat's father, Mr. Old Hay.

D. B. Stevens, of Rhinelander, passed through here last Tuesday, looking after his lumbering interests.

Ed. Brazell passed through here last Thursday on his way to and from Eagle River.

The Indians were dancing at their village last Sunday.

We Buy as Low as We Can—
That's Business Sense.

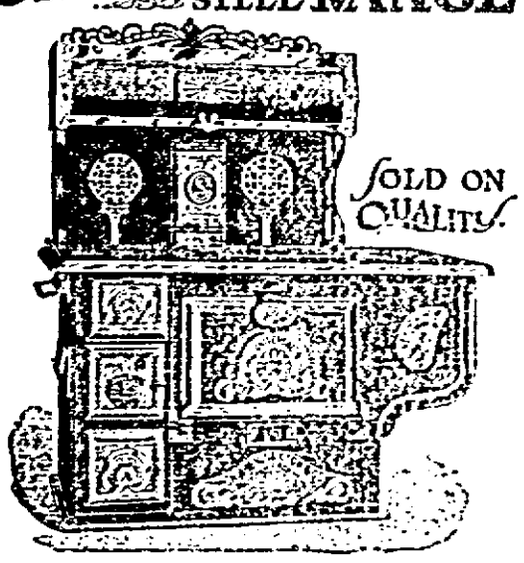
We Sell as Low as We Can—
That's Progressive Sense.

You Buy as Low as You Can—
That's Common Sense.

You Buy of Us—
That's Dollars and Cents for Both of Us.

UNIVERSAL STEEL RANGE

STOVES



STOVES

Your good sense will tell you that we have as fine a line of heating and cook stoves as you will care to look at—if you call.

Let us Supply Your Wants in this line. It is to your interest.

DUNN & WOOD

Successors to CLARK & LENNON.

THE STORY TELLER

THE CUB'S SCOOP

By Maitland Le Roy Osborne.

(From the National Magazine by Special Permission.)

WHEN the cub walked up to the city editor's desk for his first assignment that functionary bestowed a bored glance upon him and gave a snort of disgust. Then he laid down his blue pencil and smiled—a smile that rippled slowly up from the corners of his mouth and stopped before it reached his eyes.

The editorial machinery in the Banner office had not been running smoothly that day. Blodgett had fallen down woefully on his story of the quarrel in the board of aldermen; an accident in the press room had put the morning edition an hour behind, enabling the rival sheet to score a triumphant scoop on the murder case at the North end; and various other little matters had combined to excite the ire of the city editor.

After 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon he was usually rather good-natured than otherwise, and over the first sheets, damp from the press, would joke quite sociably with the "boys." Before the first rumble and whir in the basement that announced the end of his labor for the day, he was a machine—with numerous little cogged wheels ready to grind off unwary fingers; possessed of a deep-seated distrust of the world in general, and cub reporters in particular. Wherefore, when the newest thing in that line descended on him this afternoon with an angelic smile and a huge notebook prominently in evidence, he considered that insult was being heaped on injury and grew polite accordingly.

Now, when the city editor—prior to 4:30 o'clock—laid down his blue pencil and spoke politely, the oldest reporters—those who knew him best—were accustomed to slip away quietly and without ostentation into the hallway or out upon the stairs, or up into the composing-room until the city editor's ruffled feelings had been soothed. This afternoon he was very polite, indeed, and the police court man and the reporter who did the races stole softly from the room on tiptoe with awed looks on their faces.

The cub fingered a corner of his notebook lovingly. "Have you—er—anything for me to-day, sir?"

The city editor disliked, above most other things, being addressed as "sir." His wrathful glance wandered slowly around the room, to the clock, the telephone booth, down the row of reporters' desks, and finally back to the chaotic heap of proofs and copy before him. He picked up his blue pencil and ran it savagely through a flowery sentence in a fire story, then: "You might see the governor and find out whether he is going to pardon Weston," he said, slowly, and the

"HERE IS THE PARDON."

cub turned away with a mildly surprised look in his blue eyes and took his notebook and his angelic smile down into the press room, where for a time he watched the great machines being oiled and petted preparatory to converting a few miles of white paper into a symposium of the world's doings.

Now, it was an unwritten precept in the Banner office that a cub who bungled his first assignment would better seek other fields, and the governor had already refused positively to be interviewed on this subject. A street car strike had occurred a few weeks earlier at Weston, one of the striking conductors stood convicted of shooting a "scab." The evidence against him had been purely circumstantial; the jury had disagreed several times, and had taken three days to finally bring in a verdict of guilty. Public opinion was largely in the prisoner's favor, and great pressure was being brought to bear on the governor to obtain a pardon.

Reporters innumerable had waylaid him daily and endeavored to extort some expression of his intentions, without avail. The star reporter of the Banner office had tried and failed. The cub had overheard him telling a group in the reporter's room that the governor had declined to speak of the case. Rather cold, the cub thought, that he should be expected to succeed where an experienced man had failed.

The governor sat in his library that evening, with a perplexed brow, debating whether he should grant the pardon or not. He placed small dependence on circumstantial evidence, and in his heart felt half convinced of the man's innocence. But the railroad officials believed Weston guilty, and if he granted the pardon their influence would be thrown against him in the coming election. The fight had been close before. He had held the favor of the people rather than the capitalists, and he knew that if the influence of the railroad officials was used against him he would certainly be defeated. Yet, if he could convince himself of the man's innocence, he would not hesitate.

In the midst of the musing there came a message that a young woman wished to see him. He directed that she should be admitted, and a moment later she stood before him, gazing at him shyly through a black veil. She was dressed simply in black, and her hands, small and white, clasped and unclasped nervously while she struggled to control her evident emotion.

The governor's visitor sank into the proffered chair, leaned forward and slowly pushing back the veil from her face met his inquiring glance with softly pleading eyes, in which the tears seemed ready to overflow.

"Oh, sir," she said, in a low, tear-choked voice, "you look so good, so kind, that I am sure you will not refuse my prayer."

The governor regarded her kindly, encouragingly. He had a gentle heart and daughters of his own. "What is it that you want?" he queried.

The girl suddenly sank on her knees before him, with tightly clasped hands upraised and eyes fixed imploringly on his face, and said, with a pitiful little break in her voice: "I want you to pardon Frank Weston."

The governor bent forward and gently raised her up, with a troubled look in his fine gray eyes.

"But, child," he said, "he has been found guilty of a very grave crime. Heaven knows I wish to be merciful, and at the same time just. Should I pardon him, I might be condoning a crime."

"But, sir!" she cried, quickly, "he isn't guilty. It's all a horrible mistake," with such a note of perfect confidence in her voice that the governor smiled.

"Then you are quite sure he is innocent?" said he.

"Quite sure," she said, simply.

The governor rose and paced slowly up and down the room, his head bent in thought, while the girl's gaze followed him anxiously. Stopping at last before her he queried: "You are his—sister?"

"I am to be his—wife," she answered, proudly, flinging back her head with a little imperious motion.

The governor's eyes grew strangely tender, and his voice was very kindly when he said: "Guilty or not, he's a lucky man to have such a loyal defender—and," he added, slowly, half to himself, "were he guilty, I don't believe he would, or could, deceive you."

The girl looked at him gratefully. "Believe me, sir," she said, "he is innocent."

The governor took another turn about the room then stopping before his visitor looked down upon her with a quizzical expression in his eyes. "You give me your personal guarantee that he is not guilty of the crime of which he has been convicted?" he asked, half gravely, half playfully, and the girl answered, eagerly: "I do," as though her assurance of his innocence settled the matter conclusively.

The governor seated himself at his desk, drew a sheet of paper toward him, picked up a pen, wrote several lines and in a firm, bold hand signed his name.

"Here is the pardon," he said; "you may deliver it in person," and he held it toward her.

The girl grasped it eagerly. "Oh, sir," she cried, gratefully, "you have done justice to an innocent man. You will surely be rewarded.

The governor smiled a little grimly at thought of what the reward of his action would probably be, and said, gently: "I hope so."

At ten o'clock the next day the cub was observed at a spare desk, working away most industriously, with as much notice from the city editor as he bestowed upon the flies on the ceiling. At 12 o'clock he wandered up to the city editor's desk and laid a pile of neatly written copy a half inch thick before him. That functionary picked it up with a bored gesture, glanced carelessly over the first few pages, grunted inquiringly, then turned to the cub, looked at him curiously, smiled—with his eyes, this time—and spoke to him quite gruffly, as he did when he was especially pleased.

"Where did you get the facts?" he queried.

"From the governor," the cub replied. "I have the pardon here," extracting that interesting document from his pocket.

The city editor gasped. "Where—how—did you get it?"

"Asked the governor for it last night," answered the cub, innocently. "I'm going to take it down to Weston as soon as the paper goes to press."

Prizes to Veteran Servants.

Prizes to servants who had served their masters a long time were distributed in Austria on the occasion of the emperor's seventieth birthday. Twenty-one prizes of $75 each were given for serving 20 years. Among the recipients were a valet of 71 years of age who had served his master 46 years; a nurse 72 years old, who had been 42 years in one family; a maid of all work, 77 years of age, whose record was 41 years, and a cook kitchen maid and a maid of all work, who had each stayed in one place 39 years.

No Sunday "Shines" in Boston.

Bootblacks may not do business in Boston on Sunday.

YOUTHS' DEPARTMENT

ONES' WILL.

One day a little wave—indeed, he wasn't naughty,
Though the others tried to hush and keep him still—
Said: "You mustn't think, my comrades, that I'm quarrelsome or naughty,
But I want to be a rainbow, and I will!"

So the sun came shining gladly, and the wind came blowing madly,
And the little wave leaped up to catch the light;
And for half a glorious minute, with only sunshine in it,
He flashed in seven colors on the sight.

So when behind your task the harder ones come trooping,
While the senses only peace and pleasure crave,
And o'er the humdrum work your heavy head is drooping—
Just think you of that rainbow and that wave.

—Harriett Prescott Spofford, in St. Nicholas.

HOW CHOPPIE TRAVELED.

Cat Made the Tour of Europe and America in Company of His Loving Little Mistress.

Choppie is a handsome tortoiseshell cat, which once belonged to a little English girl.

One foggy night, at a hotel in London, Louise and her mother heard a pitiful mewing out on the window ledge. Upon opening the window they soon discovered a little, half starved and frozen kitten, which had wandered over from the neighboring roofs.

Louise begged of her mother to take it in, and at once got some warm milk, and made a bed for it, where it was soon snuggled down asleep. From that time on Choppie became the constant companion of Louise. Whenever and wherever she traveled Choppie went, too—over Italy, Switzerland and the British Isles. Six times

CHOPPIE, THE TRAVELER.

With whiskers long and snowy white,
And eyes of shining green,
This little pet is our delight,
A beauty to be seen.

Choppie crossed the Atlantic between London and New York, and several winters were passed in Florida.

Choppie had a padded basket to travel in, where he would stay so quietly that his fellow-passengers never knew of his existence. At the various hotels where they lived this wise cat would softly creep into a bureau drawer while his mistress went to her meals, and never attempted to come out until she returned with his portion of food.

Choppie was always fond of music, and when his little mistress would play the piano he would curl himself up on one end of it, and softly purr with half-closed eyes while listening to his favorite melodies.—N. Y. Tribune.

PONY KILLS A SNAKE.

Just in the Nick of Time San Jose Appeared and Saved the Lives of Three Children.

A California farmer who has three small children owns a pony called San Jose, which is their constant companion. They have ridden him, rolled over him, fed him and pulled his ears, and evidently consider him one of the family. Even if the children went on an expedition when they did not want to ride, San Jose went along as though he had been a pet dog. One day the three children went on a nutting expedition, and while they gathered the nuts the pony wandered around and grazed. Suddenly, almost beneath the feet of the nut gatherers, there was an ominous whirr, and they saw with horror a huge rattlesnake coiled and ready to strike. The children clustered together with white faces, too terrified to move, but as the deadly head went back there was a quick trample of hoofs, a rush through the bushes, and San Jose leaped into the ring. With his four little sharp hoofs brought together he shot up into the air, landed square on the snake's coil and was off again before the wicked head could strike. The interruption had released the frightened children from the charm, and they ran a short distance away and stopped to witness the fight. The rattler was wounded, but full of fight, and coiled again, and again the pony landed and got away safely. This time the body was nearly severed in two places, and the snake was done for. San Jose pawed over the quivering coil with one fore foot, gave a cheerful whinny and returned to his grazing.

A Wail from Experience.

Carter—I'll tell you what it is, old man, wife-beating is an awful thing.

Marter—May be, but I don't think it's half as bad as having a wife you know you can't beat.—Boston Courier.

A BOY'S COMPOSITION.

What He Knows About Turkeys, Their Habits, Weaknesses and Ultimate Destination.

In the geography we read about Turkey in Asia and Turkey in Europe, with the capital city, Constantinople, near the strait called Bosphorus. But we now write regarding turkey in the United States, and he is the boss for us.

He is a very fine fowl, and just as anxious to go headlong into a fight as the country for which he is named.

Two years ago last summer, when I was a little boy—I am not very big yet—I was in Ohio visiting some relatives.

One day when playing in the barnyard I saw a very large turkey-gobbler. People call them gobblers, not because they gobble everything they can eat, but because they talk way down in their throats, and the only word they can say is "gobble," and that word they say over and over again with a great flourish of their wings and tail.

Well, I had on short trousers, long red stockings and a red necktie. The turkey did not see me at first, but I saw him, and said "gobble" once or twice. I do not know exactly how many times I did say it, but am sure it was not more than twice, for when he heard me and saw my red stockings he made for me with all sails spread.

His face turned as red as fire, and he gave me to understand that that word "gobble" was his word. I believe he was bigger than a baby carriage, and about the shape of one, too.

I was scared, and I fairly flew to a cornerib close by, ran in and shut the door behind me. Then a man came and drove him away.

The saddest part of this true story is that I did not get to stay and help eat that old gobbler on the next Thanksgiving day.

As soon as I got safely out of that cornerib I went to the house and changed my stockings and necktie. Red was an unhealthy color to wear in that barnyard.

The first settlers of this country did not have Thanksgiving day very regular, but when they did they also had roasted turkey.

There were a great many wild turkeys in those days, and they were fatter and nicer in November than any other month in the year. One turkey and a few pumpkin pies would make a meal for a family.

The turkey could be found in the woods and the pumpkins in the corn field.

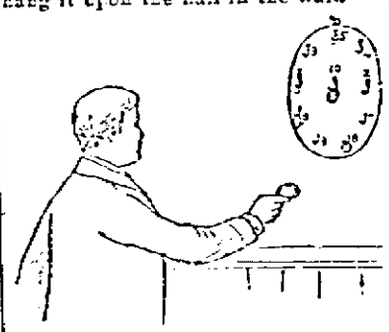
I sometimes feel sorry for the turkeys about this time of the year. But I would rather be a turkey-gobbler than a goose. It is hard to tell which has the ugliest voice. Both have a sad time of it in November and December.—Golden Days.

NOISELESS RING GAME.

It Is Real Sport and May Be Improvised Without Any Expense by Any Boy or Girl.

The small rubber rings that are used in every household with which to seal preserve jars may be made the means of much amusement when a lively game is desired for the amusement of friends. First obtain a smooth head of a flour or sugar barrel, and see that the pieces are all fastened together, forming a circular board, or any smooth board about a square foot in size will serve the purpose.

Procure ten coat hooks of medium size and secure them into the board, arranging them as shown in the accompanying illustration, and mark above each hook its number, ranging from No. 1 to No. 10. A hole may be made in the upper end of the board or a screw-eye inserted, by which to hang it upon the nail in the wall.



AN INTERESTING GAME.

No. 10 is a sort of "bull's-eye," and each player, being given three of the rubber rings, takes turns in throwing them from a position about ten feet away, endeavoring to "hook" as many on the board as possible. A score is kept of the points gained by each player, the one first getting 100 points being the winner. However, exactly 100 points must be made. For instance, if a player has 99, he has to work for Hook No. 1, as any other hook would carry him over the mark. This difficulty add to the interest of the game.

An advantage of the game is that no noise is made nor damage done by the rings, and it may be improvised by any boy or girl.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Biddy Killed a Big Hawk.

An Oregon woman is the owner of a hen that she wouldn't trade for a whole flock of blooded poultry. It is the only hen in Oregon, perhaps in the United States that ever fought and killed a hawk. The hen was tending her brood in the usual way, when a chicken hawk made its descent. The hen didn't squawk and run, but, with a fierce and well-directed blow, buried her bill beneath the hawk's left wing. It may have been a chance blow, but it did its work effectually. The hawk seemed surprised and dazed. It feebly arose, flew aimlessly against a clothesline, and then dropped into the garden stone dead.

HE WAS READY FOR MORE.

Not Even a Railway Collision Could Subdue the Ardor of a Football Man.

The two trains came together with an awful crash. Some one had blundered. That, however, was a matter which would have to be left for future investigation.

As soon as those who were uninjured could extricate themselves from the wreck they turned manfully to the work of rescuing their less fortunate fellow-passengers, says the Chicago Times-Herald.

It was a sickening sight. Cars were heaped on top of one another. People were pinioned under seats, beams and trucks. Steam was hissing from the overturned boilers, the rails of the track were warped and torn loose from the ties, and the moans and cries of the injured could be heard afar off.

Finally, after long, hard work, the rescuers reached the bottom of the mass, where the legs and body of a man protruded from beneath a twisted platform. Beside him lay a cane decorated with colored ribbons, and a long tin horn.

Fearfully and anxiously a score of strong men lifted the weight from the head and shoulders of the prostrate one and carried him up the embankment. As they reached the higher level he opened his eyes, passed a hand in front of them, as if brushing away a dim screen of some kind, and shouted:

"Rah! rah! rah! Sizz! boom, ah! Ki-yi! hip-hip! hoo-rah-yah! Come on, fellows! Which side has the ball?"

THE USUAL RESULT.

Dog Fights in Kentucky Do Not Terminate with the Whipping of a Dog.

"The colonel and I sat talking under a shade tree in front of the town post office when a dog fight started down the street," said a traveling man, relating an incident of a recent trip to Kentucky, relates the Washington Post.

"'Come on!' I said, as I sprang up.

"'Come this way!' replied the colonel, as he seized my arm and drew me into a doorway.

"'But I want to see the dog fight,' I protested.

"'Yes, I reckon you do, but you also want to keep clear of the shootin'.'

"'Why should there be any shooting?'

"'Pekase one dog has got to lick t'other, and the owner of the licked dog ain't goin' to let it rest that way. There they go!'

"Ten minutes later we stepped out to find one man lying on the ground with two bullets in him and some people carrying away a second with half a dozen.

"'Dog fights are bewtiful affairs,' said the colonel, as we walked away together, 'but the safest way to see one in Kentucky is to wait till it's all over and the dead carried off.'"

Excursion Sleepers Via M., K. & T. Ry.

Weekly Excursion Sleepers leave St. Louis via Katy Flyer (M. K. & T. Ry.) every Tuesday at 8:16 p. m. for San Antonio, Los Angeles and San Francisco.

Weekly Excursion Sleepers leave Kansas City via the M. K. & T. Ry. every Saturday at 9:05 p. m. for San Antonio, Los Angeles and San Francisco.

Defensive.—"Just look at that garden, David; look at those weeds!" "Well, what's the matter with them? Ain't they thrifty?"—N. O. Times-Democrat.

The true use of speech is not so much to express our wants as to conceal them.—Goldsmith.

Photographer—"Now, smile, please." Sitter—"I can't; I am a humorist by profession."—Ally Sloper.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of One Hundred Dollars for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886. A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.
[Seal]

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the Blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Not That Kind.

Angry Politician—Look here, I've a good mind to have you arrested for libel! What do you mean by picturing me as you have?

Cartoonist—But the picture looks like you.

"I know it does! I know it does! But do I look like a man who likes to look like himself?"—Modern Society.

In Society.

News Note—The earl of Makearaise has arrived in New York.

Many Rich Fathers—What's his price?—Detroit Free Press.

SWOLLEN FEET

and hands usually indicate an advanced stage of Kidney disorder. It is one of the last special pleadings of nature to seek a remedy. Look out also for backache, scalding urine, dizziness, headache and brick-dust or other sediment in urine which has been allowed to stand. Heed these warnings before it is too late.

MORROW'S

KID-NE-OIDS

are guaranteed under oath to be the best remedy in existance for Bright's Disease or any other form of Kidney Trouble. A cash forfeit is offered for any case Kid-ne-oids will not cure.

WISCONSIN AND IOWA

People cured by KID-NE-OIDS. In writing them, please enclose stamped addressed envelope.

J. H. Rose, 1st Ward, Independence, Ia.
John W. Lobmer, 810 Johnson St., Keokuk, Ia.
W. S. Hayden, 1018 West Reid St., Keokuk, Ia.
G. W. Wilsey, Delivery Clerk, Keokuk, Ia.
Mrs. Wm. Thompson, 1111 Park St., Keokuk, Ia.
Mrs. W. J. Morden, 110 E. Bromley St., Marshalltown, Ia.
Mrs. W. E. Lefever, 11th St., Fond-du-lac, Wis.

Morrow's Kid-ne-oids are not pills, but Yellow Tablets and sell at fifty cents a box at drug stores.

JOHN MORROW & CO., SPRINGFIELD, O.

MINISTER SAVED

Rev. Henry Langford entirely cured of Nervous Prostration by Dr. Greene's Nervura Blood and Nerve Remedy.

REV. HENRY LANGFORD.

Rev. Henry Langford, the eminent Baptist divine, of Weston, W. Va., has just escaped utter nervous and physical prostration. He is pastor of four churches. "For ten years," he said, "I have been nervous and growing worse all these years. During the last four or five years I became so nervous I could scarcely sign my name so it could be read. I was so nervous that I could not read my own sermon notes after they had been laid aside a while.

"I was unable to hold my head steady in the pulpit, nor could I hold or handle my books and papers without embarrassment, owing to the trembling and weakness of my hand and arms. I was so nervous that I could scarcely feel myself. In fact, my nervous system was wrecked.

"I tried many remedies recommended by physicians, but found no permanent relief.

"One day I was in the store of R. S. Ogden, at Sarah, W. Va., and he said to me: 'You take two bottles of Dr. Greene's Nervura Blood and nerve remedy, and if you say it don't help you, you need not pay for it.'

"I took two bottles of this medicine and found so much relief that I bought two more bottles, and now I am wonderfully improved in health and in strength. Dr. Greene's Nervura Blood and nerve remedy did it. I can heartily and truthfully recommend it to the sick. Too much cannot be said in praise of this splendid medicine. I say this for the good of other sufferers from nervous and prostrating diseases who can be cured by this remedy. For myself, I am thankful to God that I found Dr. Greene's Nervura Blood and nerve remedy, and for what it has done for me."

DR. GREENE'S OFFER OF FREE ADVICE.

Dr. Greene, Nervura's discoverer, will give his counsel free to all who write or call upon him at his office, 35 West 14th Street, New York City. His advice is from his great skill and experience and will shorten the road to health. Thousands come to him and write to him constantly. Do not put off getting the right advice, if you are ill.

WHY MRS. PINKHAM

Is Able to Help Sick Women When Doctors Fail.

How gladly would men fly to woman's aid did they but understand a woman's feelings, trials, sensibilities, and peculiar organic disturbances.

Those things are known only to women, and the aid a man would give is not at his command.

To treat a case properly it is necessary to know all about it, and full information, many times, cannot be given by a woman to her family physician. She cannot bring herself to tell everything, and the physician is at a constant disadvantage. This is why, for the past twenty-five years, thousands of women have been confiding their troubles to Mrs. Pinkham, and whose advice has brought happiness and health to countless women in the United States.

Mrs. G. H. Chappell.

Mrs. Chappell, of Grant Park, Ill., whose portrait we publish, advises all suffering women to seek Mrs. Pinkham's advice and use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, as they cured her of inflammation of the ovaries and womb; she, therefore, speaks from knowledge, and her experience ought to give others confidence. Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass., and her advice is absolutely free.

Information for Homeseekers.

Valuable information concerning Lands, Locations and Climate of Tennessee, Alabama and Georgia may be found in "Information for Homeseekers" recently issued by the Passenger Department of the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railway. It gives detailed information regarding prices paid for farm products, varieties of soil, climate, elevation, rainfall, etc. Homeseeker's Excursion tickets to this territory at very low rates. For maps, printed matter and other information call on nearest ticket agent or address Briard F. Hill, N. P. A., 338 Marquette Bldg., Chicago, Ill., J. B. Killibrew, Immigration Agent, or W. L. Danley, G. P. A., Nashville, Tenn.

Deterrent.

"You have not gone to Europe, then, as you expected," said Mrs. Fosdick to Mrs. Spriggs.

"No," was the reply. "It is so difficult for Mr. Spriggs to leave his business, and I really couldn't go without him. And, then, I read the other day about a ship that broke her record. Think how dreadful it would be to be on a ship in the middle of the ocean with her record broken."—Detroit Free Press.

Plain Evidence.

Wife—What shall we name the baby, John?

Husband—I have decided to leave that entirely to you, my dear.

"John, you've been drinking again."—Smart Set.

Always in One.

Grimes—Is your wife fond of pets?

Harum—I should say she was. She is almost always in one.—Boston Transcript.

A LIFE SAVED.

A Druggist's Timely and Straightforward Advice Saves the Life of a Prominent Citizen.

Chicago, Ill., Dec. 10, 1900 (Special).—Among the Catholic Foresters in this city, none is better known or more universally esteemed than Mr. S. P. Rush, Conductor (President) of Holy Name Court, Number 26.

His many friends, inside the Order and outside of its ranks, were, therefore, much startled to learn that his life was in danger, he having Bright's Disease, that most terrible and fatal disease.

Mr. Rush, however, made a grand struggle for his life, taking prescriptions, and pills, and powders, until his stomach refused food. At last, his local druggist, guided by the numerous inquiries being made at his store for Dodd's Kidney Pills, advised Mr. Rush to buy and try some. This he did, and to his delight he was restored to health and strength.

Mr. Rush says that after commencing the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills, he felt much better, but it took two months to effect a cure.

"I took nothing else but Dodd's Kidney Pills during that time, so I know that I owe life and health to them."

What this wonderful remedy has done for Mr. Rush, it will certainly do for anyone. It is the only remedy that has never failed to cure Bright's Disease.

Mr. Rush is just now receiving the congratulations of his friends, but always finds time to say a good word for the Medicine that saved his life.

Sold for 50 cents a box, all dealers

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try

Jell-O,

a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day. 10 cts.

PILES ANAKESIS gives instant relief and POSITIVELY CURES PILES. Free trial package address "ANAKESIS," Tribune building, New York.

HUDDERSFIELD'S SURPRISING BARGAINS

THE love of picking up bargains is common to the human race. A bargain appeals to the instinct of economy, and that is also common to all men, although it may often be dominated by a love of profusion, an indolence of character or a desire to flaunt a superabundance of wealth in the eyes of a supposedly admiring world. It flatters a man's sense of superiority. He has not only got the better of the seller by reason of his knowledge, diplomatically concealed, of the value of the article sold, but he can also chuckle in his sleeve at the less acute public who pay three times the price for the same thing. Huddersfield has the bargain habit to an abnormal extent.

It extends to everything. If Huddersfield meets an old friend and wishes to entertain him en garcon he very seldom takes him to dine at the club. He says: "Say, old man, I'll tell you what I'm going to do with you. I'm going to take you to a little out-of-the-way joint where we can get some consomme souveraine and larded tenderloin au madere or something like that that you will remember as long as you live, with a bottle of wine that you can't get in the cellar of the Astorf-Waldoria." Then he rushes the friend to a street car and presently, after traversing two or three mean streets and one or two alleys that make the friend feel extremely nervous, they arrive at a dingy restaurant whose badly illuminated and dusty sign announces that it is the cafe something or other, but whose external appearance otherwise would lead one to suppose that it was a gospel mission poorly supported on an off night.

Inside there are half a dozen tables extending to a sort of box office through the window of which a view of the kitchen can be obtained. Three men with soiled shirts and a great deal of throat and anarchistic beards are smoking cigarettes at one of the tables and throwing out their fingers excitedly at one another as they gabble in a strange tongue. A gaunt and depressed-looking woman pensively stabbing a roll with a three-tined steel fork is the only other patron of the establishment present. Huddersfield and the friend take their places at the table which seems to have the cleanest cloth. There is verdigris on the top of the salt cruet and a dark brown crust of undoubted antiquity ornaments the mustard pot.

"A little bohemian," says Huddersfield, rubbing his hands briskly and looking around with a smile. "It is just what I like. A man who gets in the habit of judging by appearances misses lots of good things in this world of ours."

"Does it always smell so?" asks the friend.

"Smell how?"

"Well, I don't know whether I can analyze it exactly"—sniffing—"but I should say that the garlic is unmistakable. I think I can detect wet clothes and yeast, but it may be the cigarettes."

"You wait until you get your dinner," says Huddersfield, "and in the meantime watch those fellows over there. There's a sight you wouldn't see in Binsley's in 100 years. Life—that's what you see here; life and human nature. I like to observe it."

By this time a dark-eyed waiter who has neglected to shave for several days appears and takes Huddersfield's order and spreads a coarse napkin over the worst stain in the cloth. This done, he vanishes into the kitchen and is heard to shout fiercely at the cooks, who scream at him in return and seemingly begin to smash dishes.

"They've got a cook in here who could be earning his $250 a month downtown if he only knew it," says Huddersfield, removing a left-over crust that the waiter had not noticed. "If this place was known by people who could appreciate it half the block wouldn't be enough for the custom."

There is a rather long wait and in the interval a stout man afflicted with catarrh comes in and takes a seat at a table close by. Huddersfield notices a smoky picture in a much fly-blown frame hanging in a dark corner of the room and, scenting a bargain, gets up to inspect it. But it turns out to be nothing but an oleograph. The dinner comes in and really is not so villainous a dinner as might be expected, although somewhat permeated with garlic and decidedly greasy. The wine is merely drinkable, and it is likely that Huddersfield was right in saying that it could not be obtained at the Astorf-Waldoria. Huddersfield expands over the wine, holds it up to the light and looks at it knowingly out of one eye, sips it slowly and pauses between sips with both eyes turned up ecstatically. The friend tries to be enthusiastic over it, too, but he has not yet recovered from the thumbmarks that the waiter left on the edges of the plates. They finish up with long stogie-looking cigars with straws run through them for the improvement of the draft. It really improves the flavor of the cigar as well. When the check comes Huddersfield exhibits it triumphantly.

"You couldn't get a dinner like that downtown for four times the money," he says.

"I don't believe you could get one like it at any price," says the friend, with evident sincerity, and Huddersfield makes up his mind that he is a man of fine discrimination. When the friend gets back to his hotel he sends out for some dyspepsia tablets, but he acquits Huddersfield of meanness, for he knows that he could have dined decently and in a decent place for two-thirds of the charge, not counting the street car fares.

Huddersfield's house is jammed full of bargains. He has a Chinese chest of camphor-wood in the hall that looks like an immigrant's trunk. His laundryman had not the faintest conception of the value of the thing from an artistic point of view, and allowed him to take it for $15, but a bargain hunter has absolutely no shame and would just as soon take advantage of a confiding and innocent Chinaman as not. Not very long after the sale of the camphor-wood chest, which the janitor contends is plain deal and wormy at that, Huddersfield discovered a lovely little cloisonne vase on a shelf just over Hop Sing's ironing table beneath the shrine of the God of Most Happy Destiny and he was conscienceless enough to buy that vase for five dollars.

Since that time several other little articles of bric-a-brac have been seen carelessly scattered around Hop Sing's laundry, but Huddersfield has bought none of them since Burkholder rubbed the bottom of the cloisonne and deciphered the stamped legend: "Made in Germany."

But, as Huddersfield says, anyone is likely to get fooled once in awhile and the fact that the fifteenth century Florentine intaglio that he stumbled on by accident in a pawnbroker's shop on the West side was duplicated in a shop in the Palais Royal by a friend who has returned from Paris did not discourage him. He has found a beautiful specimen of Flemish wood carving, for which he thought at the time he paid almost what it was worth, to have been stamped by steam at Racine, Wis., and that did not dampen his ardor. His cigar bargain, however, left a deep and lasting effect on him.

Wasserman was over at Huddersfield's house one evening. Huddersfield dived into his chiffonier and brought out a handful of cigars and threw them on the table. At first Wasserman was a little suspicious. He said he had a few cigars of his own in his pocket and was a creature of habit in the matter of tobacco, but Huddersfield insisted and he lit one of the handful.

After the first few puffs Wasserman's face assumed an expression of surprise, and he looked at the cigar respectfully. Another whiff or two and he said in a startled tone: "This is really a mighty good cigar, Huddersfield; where did you get it?"

Huddersfield smiled complacently and leaned back in his chair with his thumbs in the armholes of his waistcoat. "Why, I'll tell you," he said. "I got those cigars at a bargain—stumbled on them quite by accident. It was in a little out-of-the-way cigar stand away over on the South side. I stepped in there to get a cigar—never dreamed of getting anything fit to smoke, but I had to have something. The proprietor was an old chap who acted as if he was half baked, too.

"Well, I was looking over the show cases and I saw a box away over in the corner that looked as if it hadn't been tapped much and I thought I'd try one of them on suspicion. It was a little dry, but I knew at the first draw that it was the right stuff.

"'We don't sell many of them there,' says the old man; 'they don't seem to suit our trade. I guess I got stuck on them.'

"'A little rank, but it makes smoke,' I said: 'What will you make me these by the hundred? I pointed to another kind, of course. I wasn't going to let on that I wanted the one I was smoking. He made me a figure and then I priced something else and went on until I came to the corner box, and in a casual way asked the price of them. He said he would sell me a hundred for $3.50, and I took him up. That's the second box you're smoking now."

"Well,' I swan!" exclaimed Wasserman. "That was one time you did strike it. It's a pity he hadn't more of them."

"As for that," returned Huddersfield, "I guess I can get all I want of them. I guess the old boy has got 2,000 or 4,000 of them in his cellar. I'd have taken the lot, but I'm pretty well stocked up with some Havanas my wife's brother got for me. He's an importer and ought to know a good cigar, but I don't like his as well as my $3.50 ones and I guess they stand me in something like $12 wholesale."

"I don't suppose you'd care to give me a chance at them?" asked Wasserman, "I don't know when I smoked anything that suited me better and I flatter myself I know a good cigar."

Huddersfield said he would be delighted and he really was. Here was one time that his bargain was appreciated. Wasserman asked if a thousand would be hitting him too hard; he replied "certainly not, my boy," and took Wasserman's $25 with enthusiasm and when he went away insisted that he should put some of the cigars in his pocket. Later he discovered that he had dipped into the wrong box and that he had engaged to deliver his brother-in-law's $120 Havanas.

He did it, but when Wasserman asked for another thousand he told him that somebody had come along and bought the old man out. Wasserman knows that he lied when he said so and has never liked him very well since.—Chicago Daily Record.

From Ma's Point of View.

Mother—Gertrude, I'm afraid you made a mistake in refusing that Mr. Jones.

Daughter—Why, mother?

"Why, the meek manner in which he took your refusal shows he is of the stuff that husbands should be made of."—Judge.

Prosperity for 1901.

Indications everywhere point to great prosperity for the coming year. This is a sign of a healthy nature. The success of a country, as well as of an individual, depends upon health. There can be no health if the stomach is weak. If you have any stomach trouble try Hostetter's Stomach Bitters which cures dyspepsia, indigestion and biliousness. Obtain our Almanac for 1901—free. It contains valuable information.

Bric-a-brac is hard to define precisely. But anything that you can afford and that there is room for in your house is not, strictly, bric-a-brac.—Puck.

Does Coffee Agree with You?

If not, drink Grain-O—made from pure grains. A lady writes: "The first time I made Grain-O I did not like it, but after using it one week nothing would induce me to go back to coffee." It nourishes and feeds the system. Children can drink it freely with great benefit. It is the strengthening substance of pure grains. Get a package to-day from your grocer, follow directions in making, and you will have a delicious and healthful table beverage for old and young. 15c and 25c.

"Some folks," said Uncle Eben, "nebber starts in gittin' downright industrious until dey 'a doin' sumpin' wrong."—Washington Star.

Best for the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. Cascarets help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Grace—"I thought you were never going walking with that Snagsby." Nell—"I wasn't; but I've got a beautiful new cloak and I just had to go walking."—Syracuse Herald.

Your Storekeeper Can Sell You

Carter's Ink or he can get it for you. Ask him. Try it. Car loads are sent annually to every state in the Union. Do you buy Carter's?

Few men nowadays know how to lend money so that a gentleman can borrow from them without losing his self-respect.—Puck.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—John F. Boyer, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Strictly speaking, of course a man can't be ready to die for two different girls without leading a double life.—Detroit Journal.

The Public Awards the Palm to Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar for coughs. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

From the locks, not the lips, is the soul reflected.—McDonald Clarke.

A Colonel in the British South African Army says that Adams' Tutti Frutti was a blessing to his men while marching.

He who makes no mistakes, makes nothing else.—Atchison Globe.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES do not spot, streak or give your goods an unevenly dyed appearance. Sold by all druggists.

No man is great whose aims are small.—Ram's Horn.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Tied 'Up

When the muscles feel drawn and tied up and the flesh tender, that tension is

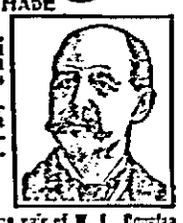
Soreness and Stiffness

from cold or over exercise. It lasts but a short time after

St. Jacobs Oil

is applied. The cure is prompt and sure.

$3.00 W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES $3.50 UNION MADE



The real worth of W. L. Douglas $3.00 and $3.50 shoes compared with other makes is $4.00 to $5.00.

Our $4 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price. Over 1,000,000 satisfied wearers.

One pair of W. L. Douglas $3 or $3.50 shoes will positively outwear two pairs of ordinary $3 or $3.50 shoes.

We are the largest makers of men's $3 and $3.50 shoes in the world. We make and sell more $3 and $3.50 shoes than any other two manufacturers in the U. S.

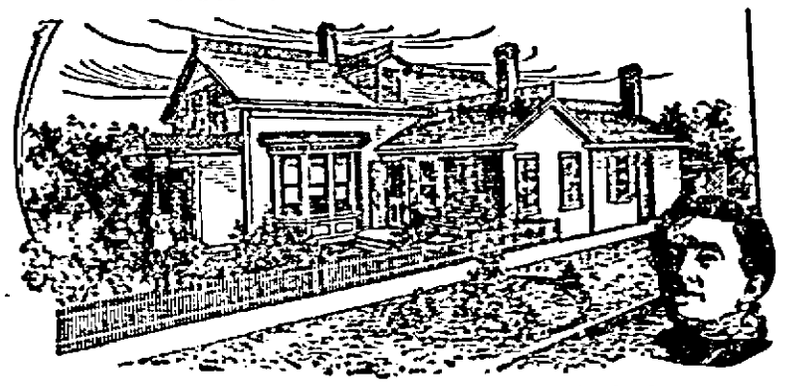
BEST $3.50 SHOE. The reputation of W. L. Douglas $4.00 and $3.50 shoes for style, comfort, and wear is known everywhere throughout the world. They have to give better satisfaction than other makes because the standard has always been placed so high that the wearer expects more for their money than they can get elsewhere. BEST $3.00 SHOE.

THE REASON more W. L. Douglas $4 and $3.50 shoes are sold than any other make is because THEY ARE THE BEST. Your dealer should keep them; if we give one dealer exclusive sale in each town. Take no substitute! Insist on having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. If your dealer will not get them for you, send direct to factory, enclosing price and 25c. extra for carriage. State kind of leather, size, and width, plain or cap toe. Our shoes will reach you anywhere. Catalogue free. W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., Brockton, Mass.

Jellycon Desserts.

Are so much easier to prepare than the old fashioned gelatine. With Burnham's Hasty Jellycon there is nothing to do but dissolve it in boiling water and set away to cool. It is already sweetened and flavored. Get a package to-day at your grocer's. The flavors are: Orange, lemon, strawberry, raspberry, peach, wild cherry and unflavored "califoot" for making wine and coffee jellies.

MRS. BREWER RECOMMENDS PERUNA FOR GRIP AND FEMALE CATARRH



The Home of Mrs. Lizzie M. Brewer at Westerly, R. I.

In a letter to Dr. Hartman concerning the merits of Peruna, Mrs. Brewer writes, among other things:

Westerly, R. I.

"Dear Dr. Hartman—I find Peruna a sure cure for all catarrhal affections so common in this part of the country. It cures a cold at once. There is no cough medicine that can at all equal Peruna. As for la grippe, there is no other remedy that can at all compare with Peruna.

"I am among the sick a great deal in our city and have supplied many invalids with Peruna, simply because I am enthusiastic in my faith as to its results. I have never known it to fail to quickly and permanently remove that demoralized state of the human system which follows la grippe.

"In all cases of extreme weakness I use Peruna with perfect confidence of a good result. In cases of weakness peculiar to my sex I am sure that no other remedy can approach in good results the action of Peruna. It meets all the bad symptoms to which females are subject. The irregularities and nervousness, the debility and miseries which afflict more or less the women from girlhood to change of life, are one and all met and overcome by this excellent remedy. I wish every young lady in our city could read your book.

"Mrs. Lizzie M. Brewer."

Peruna will cure the worst cases of catarrh. La grippe is acute epidemic catarrh, for which Peruna is a specific.

Mrs. J. W. Reynolds, New Lisbon, Ohio, suffered for many years with chronic catarrh of the lungs, head and throat; continuous cough; many physicians failed to cure. Permanently cured by Peruna. Thousands of testimonials could be produced. A valuable treatise on catarrh sent free by The Peruna Medicine Company, Columbus, O.

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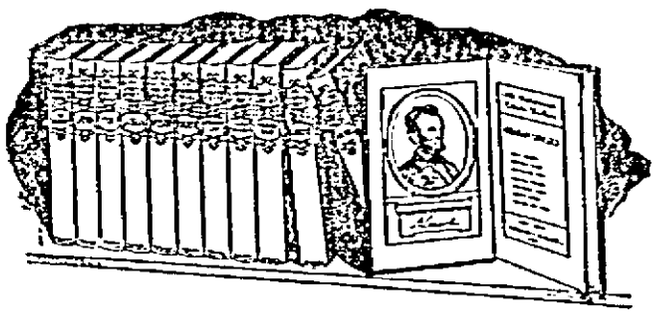

SELECTIONS

In the Masterpiece Library.

POE.....Fall of the House of Usher—Ligeia—The Cask of Amontillado—The Assignation—MS. Found in a Bottle—The Black Cat—The Gold Bug

IRVING.....Rip Van Winkle: Legend of Sleepy Hollow—The Devil and Tom Walker—The Voyage—Westminster Abbey—Stratford-on-Avon—The Stout Gentleman.

WEBSTER.....Adams and Jefferson—Reply to Hayne.

HAWTHORNE...Dr. Heidegger's Experiment—The Birthmark—Ethan Brand—Wakefield—Dr. Rappaccini's Daughter—The Ambitious Guest—The Great Stone Face—The Gray Champion

LINCOLN.....Speeches—Letters—"Lincoln's Lost Speech"

FRANKLIN....Autobiography—Poor Richard's Almanac—Selected Essays—Letters.

CARLYLE.....Essays—Life of Sterling—The French Revolution—Cromwell's Letters and Speeches—Sartor Resartus—Past and Present.

MACAULAY....Essays—History of England.

RUSKIN.....The Two Boyhoods—The Pleasure Ship—The Mountain Gloom—The Mountain Glory—Venice: St. Mark's—Art and Morals—The Mystery of Life—Peace.

LAMB.....The Two Races of Men—New Years Eve—Imperfect Sympathies—Dream Children: A Reverie—A Dissertation Upon Roast Pig—On Some of the Old Actors—Detached Thoughts on Books and Reading—The Superannuated Man—Old China—Letters.

DE QUINCEY....The Affliction of Childhood—Confessions of an English Opium-Eater: The Pleasures of Opium, The Pains of Opium—On the Knocking at the Gate in Macbeth—The English Mail-Coach: Going Down With Victory, The Vision of Sudden Death—Levana and Our Ladies of Sorrow.

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A sample of SHAKER WONDER HERBS—a specific for kidneys, liver and stomach—will be sent you free by addressing a postal (mentioning this paper) to Dr. LOUIS TURNER, St. Louis, Mo.

PILES Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the Itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Prepared for Piles and Itching of the private parts. At druggists or by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents and $1.00. WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props., CLEVELAND, OHIO

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

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A. N. K.—G 1843

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ESTABLISHED 1870.

Minneapolis. **WOODWARD & CO., GRAIN COMMISSION** DULUTH.

Orders for Future Delivery Executed in All Markets.

PROSPECTS FOR 1901 EXCEPTIONALLY BRIGHT

ESPECIALLY IS THIS TRUE OF THIS CITY AND ONEIDA COUNTY.

Great Activity of Railways in the Wisconsin Valley Means More Than is Apparent on the Surface—Expected That the Proposed Electric Railway Will Be Built—Many Fields for Speculation.

As the old year draws nearer its close the prospects for 1901 continue to brighten. Especially is this true of Rhinelander and Oneida county and from a state of prosperity we promise to go forward by leaps and bounds. No longer does anyone doubt but that the great activity displayed by the various railroad companies means more than is apparent on the surface and few would be surprised if before the end of 1901 the Wisconsin valley is traversed by a line of electric railway from Eagle River to Grand Rapids. We look for some great developments during the coming year in the valley and Rhinelander will most assuredly hold her own with the other towns and reap her share in the harvest of good things that are surely coming. New industries will be added to take advantage of the wasted waters of the "Old Wisconse." Every lumbering plant will be in operation next summer and new ones will enter the field and if appearances are not deceptive this industry will eclipse any previous year for activity, even that of ten years ago.

Then there are many new fields for speculation and active work being opened up. These are the farming and dairy interests, which are now but in their infancy and offer inducements for the settlement of thousands upon thousands of our vast area of rich and undeveloped lands. Stock raising will become an important factor in the development of this section of the state and in the immediate vicinity of Oneida county, many are turning their attention in that direction. There are hundreds of ways for profitable investment from abroad as soon as the truth is known.

With everything taken into consideration the people of Oneida county have cause for rejoicing over unusually bright prospects for the year to come and should be alive to the situation and ready to take advantage of the opportunities offered. We cannot stand idly by and expect these good things to come our way, but should exert every influence to seek outside capital in developing every natural resource.

The Wisconsin Valley Advancement association will do much in bringing about the desired results, but it should have the hearty co-operation of the auxiliaries and local advancement associations which are now asleep and do not see the great opportunities before us. Let's see how much we can accomplish during 1901.

MOONSHINERS AT WORK

Internal Revenue Men Trying to Ferret out a Mystery in Marathon County—A Similar Scare Here.

It is reported that "moonshiners" are at work in Marathon county and it is further reported that U. S. internal revenue men are hard at work in that county trying to ferret out the mystery as to who the law breakers are and where they are operating. They expect to bring the manufacturers of "moonshine" whisky before the bar of justice. It is claimed by a resident of Marathon county who seems to be in a position to know that considerable illicit distilling is being carried on in the eastern part of that county. The informant says there are stills there any one of which would delight and astonish the ordinary Kentucky moonshiner. The Wausau Record in speaking of the matter, says:

"For a long time it has been suspected that there were several illicit stills in Langlade county, but this is the first intimation that these defrauders of the government had crossed over into Marathon county. Strange as it may seem it is said that those who engage in this line of business have no difficulty in disposing of their contraband goods, and the profits are so large that men will risk heavy fines and imprisonment, in the hope of growing rich easily."

Oneida county had a similar scare about a year ago, when it was rumored that moonshiners of the true Kentucky style were operating about three miles east of Monico. It was at the time reported that a complete distilling outfit was discovered upon some land owned by Matt. Stapleton of this city. It developed later that the supposed distilling equipment was nothing more than a camping outfit.

THE FIRE LADDIES BUSY

Six Calls Answered Last Saturday—Catholic Church Threatened With Destruction—Blaze Monday.

The cold snap of late has kept the fire laddies on the move and made them earn their salaries. They answered six calls last Saturday, five of them being chimney fires, which were extinguished with but very little damage. The fire fighters were called to the new Catholic church at 2 a. m. Saturday morning, that edifice having had a very narrow escape from destruction by fire. A tinner had been at work in the belfry the night before and left his fire-pot and some charcoal. The flames were extinguished with the aid of chemicals. The damage was slight.

At 5:35 in the evening the department was called to the residence of Chas. Ruth on the north side, a burning chimney being the cause. Five minutes later, two alarms were turned in, one calling Hose Co. No. 1 to the Dawson residence on the south side and the other received prompt response from Co. No. 2, they going to Rosmark's residence on the north side. Both were chimney fires. Co. No. 1 had no sooner returned when a chimney scare called them to the Axel Lindergren building, opposite the Rapids House, at 5:10 the boys were given another run. This time they were called to a residence near the Soo depot. Burning chimney, of course.

Monday morning the boys were called out to extinguish flames of a different origin. By some mysterious cause, fire started among some carpets in the woodshed of the Patterson residence on the south side. The promptness of the department was lucky, as the fire had gained considerable headway. The damage amounted to only about $20.

Arrested for Deserting Family.

Under Sheriff Extein, of Oshkosh, was in the city the latter part of last week to look for a "party by the name of Johnson," who was wanted in the above named city to answer to the charge of deserting his wife and family. The fellow was found and was working in one the mills at the time of his arrest. The officer left for Oshkosh with his prisoner last Saturday morning.

DEATH OF MRS. HOBART

Mother of Mesdames Prescott Calkins and Ed. Brazell Passes Away at Her Late Home in Eagle River.

Mrs. Mary J. Hobart, mother of Mrs. Prescott Calkins of this city, and Mrs. Ed. Brazell of Jeffris, passed the divide between life and eternity at the family residence in Eagle River last week. The Vilas County News in speaking of her demise, says:

"Mrs. Hobart was one of the first settlers here, having moved here from Trappe City, Marathon county in the early days of the town and rented the Forest House, afterwards the Hotel Central. Later she built the Veronica now the Hotel Smith, which she kept for a number of years until failing health compelled her to give it up. She was early left a widow with a large family of small children on her hands but, although a small, frail woman, with indomable pluck she kept them together and had the satisfaction of living to see them all good, honest men and women and good citizens with the respect of the communities in which they dwell, although her struggles and hard work shortened her life as she was only in her 63rd year when she died.

"No one in the community was greater respected or loved by a greater number of people than was Mrs. Hobart and the news of her death was received with sincere sorrow by the entire community. A life well spent and a good woman gone to her reward is the verdict of all."

Mrs. Hobart leaves two sons, Jas. and John of Eagle River, four daughters, Mrs. Brazell of Jeffries, Mrs. Calkins of Rhinelander, Mrs. Langill of this city and Mrs. Sells of Florence, besides a number of grandchildren and other relatives to mourn her loss.

Mrs. Hobart felt better last summer than she had for several years and visited relatives in this city, Wausau and Jeffris. While on the trip she took a severe cold, but her condition was not considered dangerous till the Sunday before her death, when absent relatives were informed of her condition. Mrs. Calkins of this city, and Mrs. Brazell of Jeffris, left immediately for her bedside and were with her till the end. The remains were taken to Wausau last Thursday for interment. The bereaved relatives have the sympathy of their many friends in their sad affliction.

PUSHING WORK ON THE NEW CATHOLIC CHURCH

EXPECT TO DEDICATE EDIFICE ON SUNDAY, TWENTY-THIRD.

First Regular Service to Be Held on Christmas Day—To Be an Event in the History of Rhinelander—Bishop Mesmer Is Be Present to Conduct Exercises—Valuable Assistance Rendered By Friends.

Work is being pushed vigorously on the new Catholic church and it is expected that the spacious and handsome edifice will be dedicated on Sunday, the 23rd inst., and that the first service will be held therein on Christmas day. Bishop Mesmer will be present and conduct the dedicatory exercises, and possibly may be persuaded to remain and attend the Christmas services.

The dedication will be an event in the history of Rhinelander and many from abroad are expected to be here to either assist in or witness the exercises. The new structure is a credit to the Catholics of the city and an ornament to the town. It is a monument to the zealous efforts of Rev. P. Schmitz, who is a hustler in every sense of the word. During his short residence in the city he and the congregation have suffered many hardships. He has the happy faculty of rising above them and regaining in a measure that which is lost. Regardless of what their religious beliefs may be, our citizens appreciate his untiring efforts and self-denial he has undergone in elevating his flock. Many outside his church have rendered substantial assistance in a time of need.

The new church, when completed, will be a handsome edifice. It will be considerably larger than the old church. It will be 50x125 feet, arched inside. The windows have all been donated. Even the protestant young ladies of the city have kindly donated one of the windows, all of which will be of stained glass. The pews will be of handsome carved oak. We will give some definite information in the next issue of The New North.

ANNUAL GATHERING AT TOMAHAWK NEXT WEEK

AN IMPORTANT MEETING OF THE ADVANCEMENT ASSOCIATION.

To Meet at the Mitchell Hotel, Tuesday, the 18th Inst—New Coterie of Directors to Be Named and a Secretary to Be Elected—A Mistake in Announcing Date—A Full Attendance Desired.

There seems to have been a mistake in the date for the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Wisconsin Valley Advancement association. Most of the papers in the valley had been advertising it for Tuesday, the 11th inst. The official notice from the secretary pro tem, given out last Saturday, announces that the meeting will not be held till next Tuesday, the 18th inst. A report of the work accomplished during the past year will be read. A secretary is to be elected to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Lester A. Rose. A coterie of directors is to be elected for the ensuing year, therefore a full attendance is desired from the various towns to place in nomination their favorites. There are many other matters of great importance to come before the meeting, especially along the line of formulating plans for the location of various manufacturing industries in the valley and the encouragement of settlement of tillers of the soil. The meeting should be a hummer and every member should be in attendance.

It is unnecessary for The New North to call the attention of its readers to our advertising columns. They are there and you cannot avoid reading them. One most noticeable feature is that they are all Rhinelander ads., and the careful buyer will note that our home merchants offer equal or greater inducements than are held forth in the advertisements of city merchants in other papers. The New North should have a better endorsement accorded it by our home merchants for its persistent advocacy of home trade, to say nothing of the fact that it has by far the largest circulation of any paper in the county, which is an important factor to the merchant in catching trade.

BEN SMITH WILL LEAVE

Virginia City Enterprise Tells of the Lease of Hotel Fay at that Place—Takes Departure Next Month.

The following in reference to B. F. Smith's lease of a hotel at Virginia City, Minn., appeared in a recent issue of The Enterprise of that place.

"B. F. Smith of Rhinelander, Wis., arrived in the city Monday evening for the purpose of looking over our new hotel and the prospective field offered the new house. Mr. Smith must have been well satisfied, as he forthwith made arrangements with Mr. Fay for a five year lease of the building.

"The new structure will not be in readiness for occupancy until February 1st. Acting upon the suggestion of Mr. Smith, several minor details of the building will be changed, including an enlargement of the dining hall, the laying of hardwood floors in the sleeping apartments and the building of a portico at the main entrance, extending to the curb.

"The Fay will beyond doubt be the most modern, best appointed house on the Iron range, and will be the natural center of the immense transient traffic on the ranges. Those acquainted with Mr. Smith also assure us that the hotel, under his management, will add pleasant inducements to the traveling public which will materially enhance its reputation and insure a constantly increasing patronage."

HEROISM OF A WOMAN

Mrs. John Hess Displayed Wonderful Nerve and Presence of Mind—Saves the Life of a Family Cow.

Mrs. John Hess, of the town of Pelican, displayed the heroism of a general last Monday at her home near this city and as a result of her bravery and ability to act on the impulse of the moment, saved the life of one of the family cows. Barney Moran was sauntering along in the vicinity of the Hess home, when his attention was called to a cow struggling in the lake, not far from the house, in about sixteen feet of water. Barney admits that he was at a loss to know just what course to pursue to save the critter from a watery grave. Mrs. Hess was soon at the scene and in the twinkling of an eye she solved the problem. Mr. Hess' team was standing near by hitched to a load of wood. She ran to the barn, secured a heavy chain, which, with the team, she took to the shore of the lake. The chain was taken by Mrs. Hess over the ice to where the cow was struggling in the water, and fastened to its horns. Like a flash she carried the other end ashore and fastened it to the whippletree and the team then did the necessary work. Barney tells the story of Mrs. Hess' brave act with a great deal of satisfaction and admits that he was outwitted by a woman.

Large Pine Land Deal.

Two large logging deals involving many million feet of timber and entire logging outfits were closed in Merrill last week. In both, the firm of John O'Day & Co., was the purchaser, and in one O'Connor & Carr was the retiring firm while in the other Dan Shea was the seller. The firm of O'Connor & Carr transferred 7,000,000 feet of timber mostly pine, their entire logging outfit, which has been used in two camps located near Hazelhurst in Vilas county.

In the second deal between John O'Day & Co. and Dan Shea, 20,000,000 feet of timber, pine and hardwood, two camps furnishing employment for 90 men, many teams of horses and several hundred acres of timberlands located near Lac du Flambeau were involved.

Committed Suicide.

Word reached this place last Tuesday that Wade Clark had committed suicide at his home in New Lisbon Monday, by taking a dose of aconite. Wade has been on the baggage run between this place and New Lisbon for the past eight years and is well acquainted and liked by all, and the news of his rash act was a great shock to his many friends here. He was a member of the Masonic order and also of the Modern Woodmen. It seems that some six weeks ago he lost his position and being unable to get back on the road, committed the rash act while in a despondent mode. He leaves a wife and six small children to suffer through his act.—Milwaukee Times.

Stewart Goes to Washington.

Congressman Alexander Stewart of Wausau, who has been in Milwaukee for several days starts for Washington today to attend to his duties at the national capital. He has been delayed in getting away on account of the illness of his daughter who was to have gone with him but who will be obliged to remain here for a week or ten days. At the close of the session in March, Mr. Stewart will return to Milwaukee and make his home here." The above appeared in a recent edition of the Milwaukee Journal.

SETTLEMENT IN NORTHERN WISCONSIN LARGEST FOR MANY YEARS PAST SAYS GEO. W. TAYLOR

SECRETARY OF THE STATE BOARD OF IMMIGRATION GIVES SOME INTERESTING FACTS CONCERNING OUR AGRICULTURAL RESOURCES.

The settlement of northern Wisconsin is at the present time going forward with rapid strides. No state in the union is richer and few as rich as the state in which we live in its diversified industries. The advantages of this state, when once placed before the home seekers in a plain way, giving them facts, and showing to them what can be accomplished rarely fails to convince. As a truth of this one of the great railroads of the state, whose work in settlement of northern Wisconsin is most successful, has located 98 per cent. of the people to whom land has been shown. The question is often asked: How do you find the people who come to Wisconsin for homes? Information carefully prepared and printed in an attractive way in book or circular form, illustrated with views taken of field or farm, to show what has been done by others, is given wide distribution in the thickly settled sections of the different cities. State and county fairs are visited, names and addresses secured, and correspondence opened with those desiring a change of location. When a community is found in which are a number of people who desire a change of location a personal visit is paid to such location, and if possible at least one family is located in the section of their choice for their new home. A family which is thus located will bring more; their friends soon follow, and in a very few years a prosperous, thriving community is formed. Last year the secretary of the state board of immigration, with two representatives of one of the great railroads of the state spent a week at the state fair at Springfield, Ill., and the state fair at Peoria. At Springfield 70,000 pieces of printed matter were distributed, at Peoria about 70,000 pieces. Last fall no direct results of the work followed. This spring and summer a number of families have come into the state, whose coming is the direct result of work done at Springfield. Many people living in southern Wisconsin are buying farms in the northern part of the state for sons, who, having been brought up on the farm, have arrived at an age when they wish for farms of their own. Experience has shown that the most satisfactory settlers that are coming to us come from Illinois, northern Indiana, Ohio, Michigan, Iowa and Minnesota. Some are coming from Pennsylvania and New York.

The Pan-American exposition to be held next year at Buffalo will give us an opportunity of bringing many people from New York and Pennsylvania. That should not be lost sight of. Visiting a community not long since, in which were found some sixty families, all from northern Indiana, who had been in the state less than four years, no one was found who was willing to return. All were well satisfied with land, home and crops. All had comfortable log homes and barns. A great many Scandinavians and Germans are coming, and in some sections Poles and Bohemians have made good homes and farms for themselves. Sheep men are taking a good deal of interest in the burned over land of Price county, and farther north cattle men from Iowa are beginning to invest. A farm in Clark county, partially improved, was recently sold to a man from southern Wisconsin for $50 per acre. He had sold his farm to a newcomer to the state at $80 per acre, and immediately reinvested in Clark county.

No county is improving any more rapidly than Clark. Improved farms to the value of $25,000 have been sold in Oconto this summer. Outside capital seeks investment in Wisconsin lands, as never before. It is the aim of the state board to work with all practical, legitimate schemes looking to the advancement of northern Wisconsin. The railroads are doing good work and are most liberal in their treatment of newcomers. The large land companies are not behind. All join hands and work together for the common good. Too much praise cannot be given to the press of the state, and especially to the daily press of Milwaukee for the work done in the past. May they not be found wanting in the future. On request, printed matter giving information as to any particular part of the state is promptly forwarded, and if special or particular information is desired pains are taken to procure and forward the same.

It is yet a little too early to furnish a statement that would accurately give the work accomplished this year, or to make a satisfactory comparison with the preceding year's work. Facts will all be embodied in a detailed report that will go to the legislature on Jan. 1 next. Sufficient to say it is the largest growth for many years.

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